CETIFICATION

SDG No:

FA34152

Site:

BMSMC - Building 5 Area

Humacao, PR

Laboratory:

Accutest, Florida

Matrix:

Soil/Groundwater

SUMMARY:

Samples (Table 1) were collected on the BRSMC facility – Building 5 Area. The BMSMC facility is located in Humacao, PR. Samples were taken May 19-20, 2016 and were analyzed in Accutest, Florida that reported the data under SDG No.: FA34152. Results were validated using the latest validation guidelines (July, 2015) of the EPA Hazardous Waste Support Section. The analyses performed are shown in Table 1. Individual data review worksheets are enclosed for each target analyte group. The data sample organic data samples summary form shows for analytes results that were qualified.

In summary the results are valid and can be used for decision taking purposes.

Table 1. Samples analyzed and analysis performed

SAMPLE ID	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	MATRIX	ANALYSIS PERFORMED
FA34152-1	RA1-GWS	Groundwater	VOA TCL List
FA34152-2	BPEB-24	AQ – Equipment Blank	VOA TCL List
FA34152-3	SB-104 (3-4)	Soil	VOA TCL List
FA34152-4	SB-104 (5-6)	Soil	VOA TCL List
FA34152-5	RA4 (5-6)	Soil	VOA TCL List
FA34152-6	RA4 (6-7)	Soil	VOA TCL List

Reviewer Name:

Rafael Infante

Chemist License 1888

Signature:

Date:

June 11, 2016

Report of Analysis

Page 1 of 2

Analytical Batch

VJ5310

Client Sample ID: RA1-GWS

Lab Sample ID: FA34152-1

Matrix: Method: AQ - Ground Water

SW846 8260C

Date Sampled: Date Received:

05/19/16 05/21/16

Percent Solids:

Project:

BMSMC, Building 5 Area, Humacao, PR

File ID Analyzed By Prep Date Prep Batch Run #1 J0976726.D 1 05/23/16 DP n/a n/a

Run #2

Purge Volume

Run #1 $5.0 \, ml$

Run #2

VOA TCL List (SOM02.0)

CAS No.	Compound	Result	RL	MDL	Units	Q
67-64-1	Acetone	ND	25	10	ug/l	
71-43-2	Benzene	ND	1.0	0.20	ug/l	
100-44-7	Benzyl Chloride	ND	2.0	0.44	ug/l	
74-97-5	Bromochloromethane 5	ND	1.0	0.42	ug/l	
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	ND	1.0	0.24	ug/l	
75-25-2	Bromoform	ND	1.0	0.46	ug/l	
78-93-3	2-Butanone (MEK)	ND	5.0	2.6	ug/l	
75-15-0	Carbon Disulfide	ND	2.0	0.23	ug/l	
56-23-5	Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	1.0	0.30	ug/l	
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	ND	1.0	0.20	ug/l	
75-00-3	Chloroethane	ND	2.0	0.63	ug/l	
67-66-3	Chloroform	ND	1.0	0.30	ug/l	
110-82-7	Cyclohexane	ND	1.0	0.26	ug/l	
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	ND	1.0	0.26	ug/l	
96-12-8	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	ND	5.0	0.81	ug/l	
106-93-4	1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	2.0	0.33	ug/l	
75-71-8	Dichlorodifluoromethane *	ND	2.0	0.50	ug/l	
95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	0.27	ug/l	
541-73-1	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	0.24	ug/l	
106-46-7	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	0.39	ug/l	
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane a	ND	1.0	0.26	ug/l	
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	1.0	0.28	ug/l	
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethylene	ND	1.0	0.22	ug/l	SAE 180CH
156-59-2	cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	ND	1.0	0.31	ug/l	OF MOUNT
156-60-5	trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene a	ND	1.0	0.33	ug/l	/ 35/
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	1.0	0.34	ug/l	3 Pufael
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	1.0	0.26	ug/l	Mét
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	1.0	0.25	ug/l	L- K
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	ND	1.0	0.25	ug/l	13.
76-13-1	Freon 113	ND	1.0	0.32	ug/l	SUMCO L
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	ND	10	2.0	ug/l	ALCO L
98-82-8	Isopropylbenzene	ND	1.0	0.33	ug/i	S. 180



ND = Not detected

MDL = Method Detection Limit

RL = Reporting Limit

E = Indicates value exceeds calibration range

J = Indicates an estimated value

B = Indicates analyte found in associated method blank

Report of Analysis

Client Sample ID: RA1-GWS

Lab Sample ID: FA34152-1

Matrix: AQ - Ground Water

Method: SW846 8260C

Project: BMSMC, Building 5 Area, Humacao, PR

Date Sampled: 05/19/16 Date Received: 05/21/16

Percent Solids: n/a

VOA TCL List (SOM02.0)

CAS No.	Compound	Result	RL	MDL	Units	Q
99-87-6	p-Isopropyltoluene	ND	1.0	0.28	ug/l	
79-20-9	Methyl Acetate	ND	20	5.0	ug/l	
74-83-9	Methyl Bromide	ND	2.0	0.50	ug/l	
74-87-3	Methyl Chloride	ND	2.0	0.50	ug/l	
108-87-2	Methylcyclohexane	ND	1.0	0.23	ug/l	
75-09-2	Methylene Chloride	ND	5.0	2.0	ug/l	
108-10-1	4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)	ND	5.0	1.4	ug/l	
1634-04-4	Methyl Tert Butyl Ether	ND	1.0	0.20	ug/l	
100-42-5	Styrene	ND	1.0	0.24	ug/l	
75-85-4	Tert-Amyl Alcohol	ND	20	6.0	ug/l	
75-65- 0	Tert-Butyl Alcohol	ND	20	9.1	ug/l	
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	1.0	0.33	ug/l	
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethylene	ND	1.0	0.30	ug/l	
109-99-9	Tetrahydrofuran	ND	5.0	1.4	ug/l	
108-88-3	Toluene	ND	1.0	0.20	ug/l	
87-61-6	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ND	2.0	0.51	ug/l	
120-82-1	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	2.0	0.50	ug/l	
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	1.0	0.20	ug/l	
79-00-5	I,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	1.0	0.37	ug/l	
79-01-6	Trichloroethylene	ND	1.0	0.27	ug/l	
75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	2.0	0.50	ug/l	
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ND	1.0	0.20	ug/l	
75-01-4	Vinyl Chloride	ND	1.0	0.31	ug/l	
	m,p-Xylene	ND	2.0	0.30	ug/l	
95-47-6	o-Xylene	ND	1.0	0.26	ug/l	
CAS No.	Surrogate Recoveries	Run#1	Run# 2	Lim	its	
1868-53-7	Dibromofluoromethane	100%		83-1	18%	

(a) Associated BS recovery outside control limits.

1,2-Dichloroethane-D4

4-Bromofluorobenzene

Toluene-D8



ND = Not detected

17060-07-0

2037-26-5

460-00-4

MDL = Method Detection Limit

99%

105%

103%

RL = Reporting Limit

E = Indicates value exceeds calibration range

J = Indicates an estimated value

79-125%

85-112%

83-118%

B = Indicates analyte found in associated method blank

Page 1 of 2

SGS Accutest

Report of Analysis

By

DP

Client Sample ID: BPEB-24

Lab Sample ID:

FA34152-2

Matrix: Method:

SW846 8260C

AQ - Equipment Blank

DF

1

Date Sampled: Date Received:

05/19/16 05/21/16

Percent Solids:

n/a

Q

n/a

Project:

BMSMC, Building 5 Area, Humacao, PR

Analyzed

05/23/16

Prep Batch

Prep Date

n/a

Analytical Batch VJ5310

Run #1 Run #2

Purge Volume

Run #1 5.0 ml

Run #2

VOA TCL List (SOM02.0)

File ID

J0976727.D

CAS No.	Compound	Result	RL	MDL	Units
67-64-1	Acetone	ND	25	10	ug/l
71-43-2	Benzene	ND	1.0	0.20	ug/l
100-44-7	Benzyl Chloride	ND	2.0	0.44	ug/l
74-97-5	Bromochloromethane	ND	1.0	0.42	ug/l
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	ND	1.0	0.24	ug/l
75-25-2	Bromoform	ND	1.0	0.46	ug/l
78-93-3	2-Butanone (MEK)	ND	5.0	2.6	ug/l
75-15-0	Carbon Disulfide	ND	2.0	0.23	ug/l
56-23-5	Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	1.0	0.30	ug/l
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	ND	1.0	0.20	ug/l
75-0D-3	Chloroethane	ND	2.0	0.63	ug/I
67-66-3	Chloroform	ND	1.0	0.30	ug/l
110-82-7	Cyclohexane	ND	1.0	0.26	ug/l
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	ND	1.0	0.26	ug/l
96-12-8	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	ND	5.0	0.81	ug/l
106-93-4	1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	2.0	0.33	ug/l
75-71-8	Dichlorodifluoromethane *	ND	2.0	0.50	ug/l
95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	0.27	ug/l
541-73-1	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	0.24	ug/l
106-46-7	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	0.39	ug/l
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane a	ND	1.0	0.26	ug/l
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	1.0	0.28	ug/l
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethylene	ND	1.0	0.22	ug/l
156-59-2	cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	ND	1.0	0.31	ug/l
156-60-5	trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene a	ND	1.0	0.33	ug/l
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	1.0	0.34	ug/l
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	1.0	0.26	ug/l
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	1.0	0.25	ug/l
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	ND	1.0	0.25	ug/l
76-13-1	Freon 113	ND	1.0	0.32	ug/l
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	ND	10	2.0	ug/l
98-82-8	Isopropylbenzene	ND	1.0	0.33	ug/l



ND = Not detected

MDL = Method Detection Limit

RL = Reporting Limit

E = Indicates value exceeds calibration range

J = Indicates an estimated value

B = Indicates analyte found in associated method blank

Matrix:

Method:

Project:

Report of Analysis

Client Sample ID: BPEB-24 Lab Sample ID:

FA34152-2

AQ - Equipment Blank

SW846 8260C BMSMC, Building 5 Area, Humacao, PR Date Sampled: 05/19/16 Date Received: 05/21/16 Percent Solids:

Q

VOA TCL List (SOM02.0)

CAS No.	Compound	Result	RL	MDL	Units
99-87-6	p-Isopropyltoluene	ND	1.0	0.28	ug/l
79-20-9	Methyl Acetate	ND	20	5.0	ug/l
74-83-9	Methyl Bromide	ND	2.0	0.50	ug/l
74-87-3	Methyl Chloride	ND	2.0	0.50	ug/l
108-87-2	Methylcyclohexane	ND	1.0	0.23	ug/l
75-09-2	Methylene Chloride	ND	5.0	2.0	ug/l
108-10-1	4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)	ND	5.0	1.4	ug/l
1634-04-4	Methyl Tert Butyl Ether	ND	1.0	0.20	ug/l
100-42-5	Styrene	ND	1.0	0.24	ug/l
75-85-4	Tert-Amyl Alcohol	ND	20	6.0	ug/l
75-65-0	Tert-Butyl Alcohol	ND	20	9.1	ug/l
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	1.0	0.33	ug/l
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethylene	ND	1.0	0.30	ug/l
109-99-9	Tetrahydrofuran	ND	5.0	1.4	ug/i
108-88-3	Toluene	ND	1.0	0.20	ug/l
87-61-6	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ND	2.0	0.51	ug/l
120-82-1	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	2.0	0.50	ug/l
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	1.0	0.20	ug/l
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	1.0	0.37	ug/l
79-01-6	Trichloroethylene	ND	1.0	0.27	ug/l
75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	2.0	0.50	ug/l
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ND	1.0	0.20	ug/l
75-01-4	Vinyl Chloride	ND	1.0	0.31	ug/l
	m,p-Xylene	ND	2.0	0.30	ug/l
95-47-6	o-Xylene	ND	1.0	0.26	ug/l
CAS No.	Surrogate Recoveries	Run#1	Run# 2	Limi	ts
1868-53-7	Dibromofluoromethane	101%		83-1	18%
17060-07-0	1,2-Dichloroethane-D4	101%		79-1	25%
2037-26-5	Toluene-D8	104%		85-1	12%
460-00-4	4-Bromofluorobenzene	106%		83-1	18%





ND = Not detected

MDL = Method Detection Limit

RL = Reporting Limit

E = Indicates value exceeds calibration range

J = Indicates an estimated value

B = Indicates analyte found in associated method blank

SGS Accutest

Report of Analysis

Client Sample ID: SB-104 (3-4) Lab Sample ID: FA34152-3

Matrix: Method:

SO - Soil

SW846 8260C SW846 5035

BMSMC, Building 5 Area, Humacao, PR

Date Sampled: 05/20/16 Date Received: 05/21/16

Percent Solids: 83.1

Analytical Batch

Prep Date File ID Analyzed Prep Batch DF By F0077551.D 05/24/16 ΕP 05/21/16 12:05 VF2661 Run #1 1 n/a

Run #2

Project:

Initial Weight Final Volume

Run #1 5.52 g $5.0 \, ml$

Run #2

VOA TCL List (SOM02.0)

CAS No.	Compound	Result	RL	MDL	Units	Q
67-64-1	Acetone *	71.2	55	11	ug/kg	
71-43-2	Benzene	ND	5.5	1.4	ug/kg	
100-44-7	Benzyl Chloride	ND	5.5	1.5	ug/kg	
74-97-5	Bromochloromethane	ND	5.5	1.2	ug/kg	
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	ND	5.5	1.1	ug/kg	
75-25-2	Bromoform ^a	ND	5.5	1.1	ug/kg	
78-93-3	2-Butanone (MEK)	ND	27	9.9	ug/kg	
75-15-0	Carbon Disulfide	ND	5.5	1.1	ug/kg	
56-23-5	Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	5.5	1.9	ug/kg	
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	ND	5.5	1.1	ug/kg	
75-00-3	Chloroethane	ND	5.5	2.2	ug/kg	
67-66-3	Chloroform	ND	5.5	1.3	ug/kg	
110-82-7	Cyclohexane	ND	5.5	1.3	ug/kg	
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	ND	5.5	1.1	ug/kg	
96-12-8	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	ND	5.5	2.4	ug/kg	
106-93-4	1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	5.5	1.1	ug/kg	
75-71-8	Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	5.5	2.7	ug/kg	
95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	5.5	1.1	ug/kg	
541-73-1	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	5.5	1.1	ug/kg	
106-46-7	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	5.5	1.1	ug/kg	
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	5.5	1.8	ug/kg	
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	5.5	1.1	ug/kg	
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethylene	ND	5.5	1.1	ug/kg	
156-59-2	cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	ND	5.5	1.3	ug/kg	
156-60-5	trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	ND	5.5	1.7	ug/kg	
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	5.5	1.7	ug/kg	
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	5.5	2.1	ug/kg	
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	5.5	1.1	ug/kg	
100-41-4	Ethyibenzene	ND	5.5	1.2	ug/kg	
76-13-1	Freon 113	ND	5.5	1.3	ug/kg	
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	ND	27	9.5	ug/kg	
98-82-8	Isopropyibenzene	ND	5.5	1.5	ug/kg	



ND = Not detected

MDL = Method Detection Limit

RL = Reporting Limit

E = Indicates value exceeds calibration range

J = Indicates an estimated value

B = Indicates analyte found in associated method blank

Project:

4

Report of Analysis

Client Sample ID: SB-104 (3-4) Lab Sample ID: FA34152-3

Matrix: SO - Soil Method: SW846 8

SW846 8260C SW846 5035

BMSMC, Building 5 Area, Humacao, PR

Date Sampled: 05/20/16 Date Received: 05/21/16

Percent Solids: 83.1

Q

VOA TCL List (SOM02.0)

CAS No.	Compound	Result	RL	MDL	Units	(
99-87-6	p-Isopropyltoluene	ND	5.5	1.1	ug/kg	
79-20-9	Methyl Acetate	ND	27	9.4	ug/kg	
74-83-9	Methyl Bromide	ND	5.5	2.8	ug/kg	
74-87-3	Methyl Chloride	ND	5.5	2.6	ug/kg	
108-87-2	Methylcyclohexane	ND	5.5	1.1	ug/kg	
75-09-2	Methylene Chloride	ND	11	4.4	ug/kg	
108-10-1	4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)	ND	27	12	ug/kg	
1634-04-4	Methyl Tert Butyl Ether	ND	5.5	1.2	ug/kg	
100-42-5	Styrene	ND	5.5	1.1	ug/kg	
75-85-4	Tert-Amyl Alcohol	ND	55	15	ug/kg	
75-65-0	Tert-Butyl Alcohol	ND	55	15	ug/kg	
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	5.5	2.4	ug/kg	
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethylene	ND	5.5	1.4	ug/kg	
109-99-9	Tetrahydrofuran	ND	11	3.9	ug/kg	
108-88-3	Toluene	ND	5.5	1.2	ug/kg	
87-61-6	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ND	5.5	2.2	ug/kg	
120-82-1	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	5.5	1.6	ug/kg	
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	5.5	1.1	ug/kg	
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	5.5	2.0	ug/kg	
79-01-6	Trichloroethylene	ND	5.5	1.3	ug/kg	
75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	5.5	2.0	ug/kg	
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ND	5.5	1.1	ug/kg	
75-01-4	Vinyl Chloride	ND	5.5	1.8	ug/kg	
	m,p-Xylene	ND	11	1.9	ug/kg	
95-47-6	o-Xylene	ND	5.5	1.2	ug/kg	
CAS No.	Surrogate Recoveries	Run# 1	Run# 2	Limi	ts	
1868-53-7	Dibromofluoromethane	103%		75-12	24%	
17060-07-0	1,2-Dichloroethane-D4	98%		72-13	15%	
2037-26-5	Toluene-D8	109%		75-12	.6 %	

(a) Associated BS recovery outside control limits.

4-Bromofluorobenzene



460-00-4

102%

71-133%

ND = Not detected

MDL = Method Detection Limit

RL = Reporting Limit

E = Indicates value exceeds calibration range

J = Indicates an estimated value

B = Indicates analyte found in associated method blank

N = Indicates presumptive evidence of a compound

Report of Analysis

By

EP

Client Sample ID: SB-104 (5-6) Lab Sample ID:

FA34152-4

SO - Soil

Date Sampled: 05/20/16 Date Received:

05/21/16

Matrix: Method:

SW846 8260C SW846 5035

Percent Solids: 86.6

Q

J

Project:

BMSMC, Building 5 Area, Humacao, PR

Analyzed

05/24/16

Prep Date Prep Batch

Analytical Batch

Run #1 Run #2

05/21/16 12:10 n/a VF2661

Run #1

Run #2

Initial Weight

F0077552.D

Final Volume

4.37 g

File ID

5.0 ml

DF

1

VOA TCL List (SOM02.0)

CAS No.	Compound	Result	RL	MDL	Units
67-64-1	Acetone a	72.1	66	13	ug/kg
71-43-2	Benzene	ND	6.6	1.7	ug/kg
100-44-7	Benzyl Chloride	ND	6.6	1.8	ug/kg
74-97-5	Bromochloromethane	ND	6.6	1.5	ug/kg
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	ND	6.6	1.3	ug/kg
75-25-2	Bromoform a	ND	6.6	1.3	ug/kg
78-93-3	2-Butanone (MEK)	ND	33	12	ug/kg
75-15-0	Carbon Disulfide	1.4	6.6	1.3	ug/kg
56-23-5	Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	6.6	2.4	ug/kg
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	ND	6.6	1.3	ug/kg
75-00-3	Chloroethane	ND	6.6	2.6	ug/kg
67-66-3	Chloroform	ND	6.6	1.6	ug/kg
110-82-7	Cyclohexane	ND	6.6	1.6	ug/kg
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	ND	6.6	1.3	ug/kg
96-12-8	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	ND	6.6	2.9	ug/kg
106-93-4	1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	6.6	1.3	ug/kg
75-71-8	Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	6.6	3.3	ug/kg
95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	6.6	1.3	ug/kg
541-73-1	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	6.6	1.3	ug/kg
106-46-7	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	6.6	1.3	ug/kg
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	6.6	2.2	ug/kg
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	6.6	1.3	ug/kg
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethylene	ND	6.6	1.3	ug/kg
156-59-2	cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	ND	6.6	1.6	ug/kg
156-60-5	trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	ND	6.6	2.0	ug/kg
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	6.6	2.1	ug/kg
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	6.6	2.5	ug/kg
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	6.6	1.3	ug/kg
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	ND	6.6	1.4	ug/kg
76-13-1	Freon 113	ND	6.6	1.5	ug/kg
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	ND	33	12	ug/kg
98-82-8	Isopropyibenzene	ND	6.6	1.9	ug/kg



ND = Not detected

MDL = Method Detection Limit

RL = Reporting Limit

E = Indicates value exceeds calibration range

J = Indicates an estimated value

B = Indicates analyte found in associated method blank

Report of Analysis

Client Sample ID: SB-104 (5-6) Lab Sample ID: FA34152-4

Matrix: Method:

Project:

SO - Soil

SW846

SW846 8260C SW846 5035

BMSMC, Building 5 Area, Humacao, PR

Date Sampled: 05/20/16 Date Received: 05/21/16

Percent Solids: 86.6

Q

VOA TCL List (SOM02.0)

CAS No.	Compound	Result	RL	MDL	Units
99-87-6	p-Isopropyltoluene	ND	6.6	1.3	ug/kg
79-20-9	Methyl Acetate	ND	33	11	ug/kg
74-83-9	Methyl Bromide	ND	6.6	3.4	ug/kg
74-87-3	Methyl Chloride	ND	6.6	3.2	ug/kg
108-87-2	Methylcyclohexane	ND	6.6	1.3	ug/kg
75-09-2	Methylene Chloride	ND	13	5.3	ug/kg
108-10-1	4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)	ND	33	14	ug/kg
1634-04-4	Methyl Tert Butyl Ether	ND	6.6	1.5	ug/kg
100-42-5	Styrene	ND	6.6	1.3	ug/kg
75-85-4	Tert-Amyl Alcohol	ND	66	18	ug/kg
75-65-0	Tert-Butyl Alcohol	ND	66	18	ug/kg
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	6.6	2.9	ug/kg
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethylene	ND	6.6	1.7	ug/kg
109-99-9	Tetrahydrofuran	ND	13	4.8	ug/kg
108-88-3	Toluene	ND	6.6	1.5	ug/kg
87-61-6	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ND	6.6	2.6	ug/kg
120-82-1	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	6.6	2.0	ug/kg
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	6.6	1.3	ug/kg
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	6.6	2.4	ug/kg
79-01-6	Trichloroethylene	ND	6.6	1.5	ug/kg
75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	6.6	2.5	ug/kg
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ND	6.6	1.3	ug/kg
75-01-4	Vinyl Chloride	ND	6.6	2.2	ug/kg
	m,p-Xylene	ND	13	2.3	ug/kg
95-47-6	o-Xylene	ND	6.6	1.5	ug/kg
CAS No.	Surrogate Recoveries	Run# 1	Run# 2	Lim	its
1868-53-7	Dibromofluoromethane	104%		75-1	24%
17060-07-0	1,2-Dichloroethane-D4	101%		72-1	35%
2037-26-5	Toluene-D8	95%		75-1	26%

(a) Associated BS recovery outside control limits.

4-Bromofluorobenzene



460-00-4

93%

71-133%

ND = Not detected

MDL = Method Detection Limit

RL = Reporting Limit

E = Indicates value exceeds calibration range

J = Indicates an estimated value

B = Indicates analyte found in associated method blank

N = Indicates presumptive evidence of a compound

SGS Accutest

Report of Analysis

Page 1 of 2

Client Sample ID: RA4 (5-6) Lab Sample ID: FA34152-5

Matrix:

SO - Soil

05/20/16 Date Sampled: Date Received: 05/21/16

Method:

SW846 8260C SW846 5035

1

Percent Solids: 81.5

Project:

BMSMC, Building 5 Area, Humacao, PR

Prep Batch

Run #1 Run #2 File ID F0077553.D Analyzed By 05/24/16 EP Prop Date 05/21/16 12:15 n/a **Analytical Batch** VF2661

Initial Weight

6.03 g

Final Volume 5.0 ml

Run #1 Run #2

VOA TCL List (SOM02.0)

CAS No.	Compound	Result	RL	MDL	Units	Q
67-64-1	Acetone *	42.7	51	10	ug/kg	j
71-43-2	Benzene	ND	5.1	1.3	ug/kg	
100-44-7	Benzyl Chloride	ND	5.1	1.4	ug/kg	
74-97-5	Bromochloromethane	ND	5.1	1.1	ug/kg	
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	ND	5.1	1.0	ug/kg	
75-25-2	Bromoform ^a	ND	5.1	1.0	ug/kg	
78-93-3	2-Butanone (MEK)	ND	25	9.2	ug/kg	
75-15-0	Carbon Disulfide	ND	5.1	1.0	ug/kg	
56-23-5	Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	5.1	1.8	ug/kg	
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	ND	5.1	1.0	ug/kg	
75-00-3	Chloroethane	ND	5.1	2.0	ug/kg	
67-66-3	Chloroform	ND	5.1	1.2	ug/kg	
110-82-7	Cyclohexane	ND	5.1	1.2	ug/kg	
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	ND	5.1	1.0	ug/kg	
96-12-8	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	ND	5.1	2.3	ug/kg	
106-93-4	1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	5.1	1.0	ug/kg	
75-71-8	Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	5.1	2.5	ug/kg	
95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	5.1	1.0	ug/kg	
506=78=+	1.3-Dichlorobenzene		5.1 5.1 5.1	1:0	Hg/kg	
19634637	1.1-Bichlerebenzene	NB	5.1	1.9 1.0	ug/kg	
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	NB	5.1	1.3	ug/kg	
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethylene	ND	5.1	1.0	ug/kg	
156-59-2	cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	ND	5.1	1.2	ug/kg	
156-60-5	trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	ND	5.1	1.5	ug/kg	
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	5.1	1.6	ug/kg	
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	5.1	1.9	ug/kg	
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	5.1	1.0	ug/kg	
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	ND	5.1	1.1	ug/kg	
76-13-1	Freon 113	ND	5.1	1.2	ug/kg	
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	ND	25	8.9	ug/kg	
98-82-8	Isopropylbenzene	ND	5.1	1.4	ug/kg	



ND = Not detected

MDL = Method Detection Limit

RL = Reporting Limit

E = Indicates value exceeds calibration range

J = Indicates an estimated value

B = Indicates analyte found in associated method blank

4.5

Report of Analysis

Client Sample ID: RA4 (5-6)
Lab Sample ID: FA34152-5

Matrix: Method:

Project:

SO - Soil SW846 8260C SW846 5035

BMSMC, Building 5 Area, Humacao, PR

Date Sampled: 05/20/16 Date Received: 05/21/16

Percent Solids: 81.5

VOA TCL List (SOM02.0)

CAS No.	Compound	Result	RL	MDL	Units	Q
99-87-6	p-Isopropyltoluene	ND	5.1	1.0	ug/kg	
79-20-9	Methyl Acetate	ND	25	8.7	ug/kg	
74-83-9	Methyl Bromide	ND	5.1	2.6	ug/kg	
74-87-3	Methyl Chloride	ND	5.1	2.4	ug/kg	
108-87-2	Methylcyclohexane	ND	5.1	1.0	ug/kg	
75-09-2	Methylene Chloride	ND	10	4.1	ug/kg	
108-10-1	4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)	ND	25	11	ug/kg	
1634-04-4	Methyl Tert Butyl Ether	1.9	5.1	1.1	ug/kg	J
100-42-5	Styrene	ND	5.1	1.0	ug/kg	
75-85-4	Tert-Amyl Alcohol	ND	51	14	ug/kg	
75-65-0	Tert-Butyl Alcohol	ND	51	14	ug/kg	
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	5.1	2.2	ug/kg	
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethylene	ND	5.1	1.3	ug/kg	
109-99-9	Tetrahydrofuran	ND	10	3.7	ug/kg	
108-88-3	Toluene	ND	5.1	1.1	ug/kg	
87-61-6	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ND	5.1	2.0	ug/kg	
120-82-I	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	5.1	1.5	ug/kg	
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	5.1	1.0	ug/kg	
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	5.1	1.8	ug/kg	
79-01-6	Trichloroethylene	ND	5.1	1.2	ug/kg	
75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	5.1	1.9	ug/kg	
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ND	5.1	1.0	ug/kg	
75-01-4	Vinyl Chloride	ND	5.1	1.7	ug/kg	
	m,p-Xylene	ND	10	1.8	ug/kg	
95-47-6	o-Xylene	ND	5.1	1.1	ug/kg	
CAS No.	Surrogate Recoveries	Run# 1	Run# 2	Lim	its	
1868-53-7	Dibromofluoromethane	103%		75-1	24%	
17060-07-0	1,2-Dichloroethane-D4	78%		72-1	35%	
2037-26-5	Toluene-D8	102%		75-1	26%	
460-00-4	4-Bromofluorobenzene	113%		71-1	33%	1

(a) Associated BS recovery outside control limits.



ND = Not detected

MDL = Method Detection Limit

RL = Reporting Limit

E = Indicates value exceeds calibration range

J = Indicates an estimated value

B = Indicates analyte found in associated method blank

SGS Accutest

Report of Analysis

Page 1 of 2

Client Sample ID: RA4 (6-7) Lab Sample ID:

FA34152-6 SO - Soil

SW846 8260C SW846 5035

05/20/16 Date Sampled: 05/21/16 Date Received:

Matrix: Method: Project:

BMSMC, Building 5 Area, Humacao, PR

79.2 Percent Solids:

Q

J

Analytical Batch File ID DF Prop Date Prop Batch Analyzed By F0077560.D EP 05/21/16 12:25 VF2661 Run #1 05/24/16 n/a

Run #2

Initial Weight 5.81 g

Final Volume 5.0 ml

Run #1 Run #2

VOA TCL List (SOM02.0)

CAS No.	Compound	Result	RL	MDŁ	Units
67-64-1	Acetone *	38.5	54	11	ug/kg
71-43-2	Benzene	ND	5.4	1.4	ug/kg
100-44-7	Benzyl Chloride	ND	5.4	1.5	ug/kg
74-97-5	Bromochloromethane	ND	5.4	1.2	ug/kg
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	ND	5.4	1.1	ug/kg
75-25-2	Bromoform a	ND	5.4	1.1	ug/kg
78-93-3	2-Butanone (MEK)	ND	27	9.9	ug/kg
75-15-0	Carbon Disulfide	ND	5.4	1.1	ug/kg
56-23-5	Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	5.4	1.9	ug/kg
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	ND	5.4	1.1	ug/kg
75-00-3	Chloroethane	ND	5.4	2.2	ug/kg
67-66-3	Chloroform	ND	5.4	1.3	ug/kg
110-82-7	Cyclohexane	ND	5.4	1.3	ug/kg
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	ND	5.4	1.1	ug/kg
96-12-8	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	ND	5.4	2.4	ug/kg
106-93-4	1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	5.4	1.1	ug/kg
75-71-8	Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	5.4	2.7	ug/kg
95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	5.4	1.1	ug/kg
541-73-1	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	5.4	1.1	ug/kg
106-46-7	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	5.4	1.1	ug/kg
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	5.4	1.8	ug/kg
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	5.4	1.1	ug/kg
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethylene	ND	5.4	1.1	ug/kg
156-59-2	cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	ND	5.4	1.3	ug/kg
156-60-5	trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	ND	5.4	1.7	ug/kg
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	5.4	1.7	ug/kg
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	5.4	2.1	ug/kg
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	5.4	1.1	ug/kg
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	ND	5.4	1.2	ug/kg
76-13-1	Freon 113	ND	5.4	1.3	ug/kg
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	ND	27	9.5	ug/kg
98-82-8	Isopropylbenzene	2.0	5.4	1.5	ug/kg

fael Infan Mérkiez IC # 188

ND = Not detected

MDL = Method Detection Limit

RL = Reporting Limit

E = Indicates value exceeds calibration range

J = Indicates an estimated value

B = Indicates analyte found in associated method blank

4

Report of Analysis

Client Sample ID: RA4 (6-7)
Lab Sample ID: FA34152-6

Matrix: Method:

Project:

SO - Soil

SW846 8260C SW846 5035

BMSMC, Building 5 Area, Humacao, PR

Date Sampled: 05/20/16 Date Received: 05/21/16

Percent Solids: 79.2

VOA TCL List (SOM02.0)

CAS No.	Compound	Result	RL	MDL	Units	Q
99-87-6	p-Isopropyltoluene	ND	5.4	1.1	ug/kg	
79-20-9	Methyl Acetate	ND	27	9.3	ug/kg	
74-83-9	Methyl Bromide	ND	5.4	2.8	ug/kg	
74-87-3	Methyl Chloride	ND	5.4	2.6	ug/kg	
108-87-2	Methylcyclohexane	2.5	5.4	1.1	ug/kg	J
75-09-2	Methylene Chloride	ND	11	4.3	ug/kg	
108-10-1	4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)	ND	27	12	ug/kg	
1634-04-4	Methyl Tert Butyl Ether	2.5	5.4	1.2	ug/kg	J
100-42-5	Styrene	ND	5.4	1.1	ug/kg	
75-85-4	Tert-Amyl Alcohol	ND	54	15	ug/kg	
75-65- 0	Tert-Butyl Alcohol	ND	54	15	ug/kg	
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	5.4	2.4	ug/kg	
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethylene	ND	5.4	1.4	ug/kg	
109-99-9	Tetrahydrofuran	ND	11	3.9	ug/kg	
108-88-3	Toluene	ND	5.4	1.2	ug/kg	
87-61-6	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ND	5.4	2.2	ug/kg	
120-82-1	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	5.4	1.6	ug/kg	
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	5.4	1.1	ug/kg	
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	5.4	2.0	ug/kg	
79-01-6	Trichloroethylene	ND	5.4	1.3	ug/kg	
75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	5.4	2.0	ug/kg	
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	1.3	5.4	1.1	ug/kg	J
75-01-4	Vinyl Chloride	ND	5.4	1.8	ug/kg	
	m,p-Xylene	ND	11	1.9	ug/kg	
95-47-6	o-Xylene	ND	5.4	1.2	ug/kg	
	_					

CAB NO.	POTLI OFFICE VCCOACT FOR	Runa 1	Kun# Z	Limits
1868-53-7	Dibromofluoromethane	100%		75-124%
17060-07-0	1,2-Dichloroethane-D4	82%		72-135%
2037-26-5	Toluene-D8	99%		75-126%
460-00-4	4-Bromofluorobenzene	104%		71-133%

(a) Associated BS recovery outside control limits.

Corrogate Deservation



ND = Not detected

CARNO

MDL = Method Detection Limit

RL = Reporting Limit

E = Indicates value exceeds calibration range

J = Indicates an estimated value

B = Indicates analyte found in associated method blank

SGS ACCU	TEST-	·FI	CHAII	N O	FAX: 7X	UST FO CON	OD	Y 100	Via	der.) : K	F4 609°)LO5			-	ضي بيد		<u>ти</u>	
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FA34152: Chain of Custody Page 1 of 3

EXECUTIVE NARRATIVE

SDG No:

FA34152

Laboratory:

Accutest, Florida

Analysis:

SW846-8260C

Number of Samples:

Location:

BMSMC - Building 5 Area

Humacao, PR

SUMMARY:

Six (6) samples were analyzed for volatile organic compounds (VOCs) by method SW846-8260C. The sample results were assessed according to USEPA data validation guidance documents in the following order of precedence: USEPA Hazardous Waste Support Section SOP No. HW-33A Revision 0 SOM02.2. Low/Medium Volatile Data Validation. July, 2015. The QC criteria and data validation actions listed on the data review worksheets are from the primary guidance document, unless otherwise noted.

Results are valid and can be used for decision making purposes.

Critical issues:

Maior: Minor: None None

None

Critical findings: Major findings:

None None

Minor findings:

1. For analytes with ending calibration % difference outside the guidance document validation criteria of ± 25 % or ± 50 % difference no qualification was performed. No action taken, professional judgment.

Analytes with continuing and ending calibration % difference within the guidance document validation criteria of ± 25 % or ± 50 % but not meeting the method performance criteria of ± 20 % were not qualified, professional judgment.

Analytes not meeting the method performance criteria and the validation guidance document performance criteria for % difference in continuing calibration verification were qualified as estimated (J) or (UJ) in samples FA34152-1 and FA34152-2.

- 2. MS/MSR recoveries for tert-butyl alcohol in sample FA34152-1 over the upper laboratory control limits. Tert-butyl alcohol not detected in affected samples, non-detects are accepted.
- 3. Several analytes recovered below lower laboratory control limits but within generally acceptable limits in sample FA34113-7 (QC sample for the batch) No action taken, MS/MSD results apply to the unspiked sample.

COMMENTS:

Results are valid and can be used for decision making purposes.

Reviewers Name:

Rafael Infante

Chemist License 1888

Signature:

Date:

June 11, 2016

SAMPLE ORGANIC DATA SAMPLE SUMMARY

Sample ID: FA34152-1

Sample location: BMSMC Building 5 Area Sampling date: 5/19/2016

Matrix: Groundwater

	0		i			•
Analyte Name	Result	-	Dilution Factor Lab Flag	Lab Hag	Validation	керопавіе
Acetone	25	ug/L	1.0	ı	C	Yes
Benzene	1.0	ug/L	1.0	ı	_	Yes
Benzyl Chloride	1.0	ug/L	1.0	•	C	Yes
Bromochloromethane	1.0	ug/L	1.0	ı	C	Yes
Bromodichloromethane	1.0	ug/L	1.0	•	C	Yes
Bromoform	1.0	ug/L	1.0	•	C	Yes
2-Butanone (MEK)	5.0	ug/L	1.0	•	C	Yes
Carbon disulfide	2.0	ug/L	1.0	•	C	Yes
Carbon tetrachloride	1.0	ug/L	1.0	e.	_	Yes
Chlorobenzene	1.0	ug/L	1.0	,	_	Yes
Chloroethane	2.0	ug/L	1.0	1	Ç	Yes
Chloroform	1.0	ug/L	1.0		C	Yes
Cyclohexane	1.0	ug/L	1.0		C	Yes
Dibromochloromethane	1.0	ug/L	1.0	ı	C	Yes
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	5.0	ug/L	1.0	ı	C	Yes
1,2-Dibromoethane	2.0	ug/L	1.0	1	C	Yes
Dichlorodifluoromethane	2.0	ug/L	1.0	•	⊆	Yes
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	1.0	ug/L	1.0		C	Yes
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	1.0	ug/L	1.0	,	C	Yes
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	1.0	ug/L	1.0	•	C	Yes
1,1-Dichloroethane	1.0	ug/L	1.0	ja.	C	Yes
1,2-Dichloroethane	1.0	ug/L	1.0		_	Yes
1,1-Dichloroethene	1.0	ug/L	1.0	ı	C	Yes
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	1.0	ug/L	1.0	,	C	Yes

Vinyl chloride m,p-Xylene o-Xylene	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Trichloroethene	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	Toluene	Tetrahydrofuran	Tetrachioroethene	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	Tert-Butyl Alcohol	Tert-Amyl Alcohol	Styrene	Methyl Tert Butyl Ether	4-Methyl-2-pentanone(MIBK)	Methylene chloride	Methylcyclohexane	Methyl Chloride	Methyl Bromide	Methyl Acetate	p-IsopropyItoluene	Isopropylbenzene	2-Hexanone	Freon 113	Ethylbenzene	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	1,2-Dichloropropane	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene
1.0 2.0 1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	5.0	1.0	1.0	20	20	1.0	1.0	5.0	5.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	20	1.0	1.0	10	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
ng/L ng/L	ug/L	ng/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L						ug∕L	ug/L																	ug/L
1.0 1.0 1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
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C C C	C C	: c	C	_	_	_	C	_	C	C	_	_	_	_	_	_	C	C	C	_	C	C	_	_	C	C	C	_	C
Yes Yes Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Sample ID: FA34152-2
Sample location: BMSMC Building 5 Area
Sampling date: 5/19/2016

Matrix: Groundwater

	ואובו אטט: אלפטכ					
Analyte Name	Result	Units Di	Dilution Factor	Lab Flag	Validation	alidation Reportable
Acetone	25	ug/L		1	C	Yes
Benzene	1.0	ug/L	1.0	1	C	Yes
Benzyl Chloride	1.0	ug/L	1.0	ı	C	Yes
Bromochloromethane	1.0	ug/L	1.0	1	_	Yes
Bromodichloromethane	1.0	ug/L	1.0	ı	_	Yes
Bromoform	1.0	ug/L	1.0	•	C	Yes
2-Butanone (MEK)	5.0	ug/L	1.0	1	C	Yes
Carbon disulfide	2.0	ug/L	1.0	1	C	Yes
Carbon tetrachloride	1.0	ug/L	1.0	•	C	Yes
Chlorobenzene	1.0	ug/L	1.0		C	Yes
Chloroethane	2.0	ug/L	1.0	•	Ξ	Yes
Chloroform	1.0	ug/L	1.0	ji.	_	Yes
Cyclohexane	1.0	ug/L	1.0	ı	_	Yes
Dibromochloromethane	1.0	ug/L	1.0	ı	_	Yes
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	5.0	ug/L	1.0	a	C	Yes
1,2-Dibromoethane	2.0	ug/L	1.0	ı	C	Yes
Dichlorodifluoromethane	2.0	ug/L	1.0	ŗ	⊆	Yes
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	1.0	ug/L	1.0	e)	C	Yes
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	1.0	ug/L	1.0	ı	_	Yes
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	1.0	ug/L	1.0	ι	C	Yes
1,1-Dichloroethane	1.0	ug/L	1.0		C	Yes
1,2-Dichloroethane	1.0	ug/L	1.0	ı	C	Yes
1,1-Dichloroethene	1.0	ug/L	1.0	t	C	Yes
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	1.0	J/Bn	1.0	r;	C	Yes
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	1.0	ug/L	1.0	•	C	Yes
1,2-Dichloropropane	1.0	ug/L	1.0	į.	C	Yes

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Yes	C	ı	1.0	ug/L	2.0	m,p-Xvlene
Yes	C	Ė	1.0	⊔g/L	1.0	Vinyl chloride
Yes	C	1	1.0	ug/L	1.0	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene
Yes	C	ı	1.0	ug/L	2.0	Trichlorofluoromethane
Yes	C		1.0	ug/L	1.0	Trichloroethene
Yes	C	,	1.0	ug/L	1.0	1,1,2-Trichloroethane
Yes	_	i	1.0	ug/L	1.0	1,1,1-Trichloroethane
Yes	C	ı	1.0	ug/L	2.0	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene
Yes	<u> </u>		1.0	ug/L	2.0	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene
Yes	C	10	1.0	ug/L	1.0	Toluene
Yes	C	a	1.0	ug/L	5.0	Tetrahydrofuran
Yes	_		1.0	ug/L	1.0	Tetrachloroethene
Yes	C	e	1.0	ug/L	1.0	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane
Yes	C		1.0	ug/L	20	Tert-Butyl Alcohol
Yes	C	£	1.0	ug/L	20	Tert-Amyl Alcohol
Yes	C		1.0	ug/L	1.0	Styrene
Yes	C	,	1.0	ug/L	1.0	Methyl Tert Butyl Ether
Yes	C	r:	1.0	ug/L	5.0	4-Methyl-2-pentanone(MIBK)
Yes	C	1	1.0	ug/L	5.0	Methylene chloride
Yes	C		1.0	ug/L	1.0	Methylcyclohexane
Yes	C	10	1.0	ug/L	2.0	Methyl Chloride
Yes	C	;#	1.0	ug/L	2.0	Methyl Bromide
Yes	C	ж	1.0	ug/L	20	Methyl Acetate
Yes	C	C	1.0	ug/L	1.0	p-IsopropyItoluene
Yes	⊂	æ	1.0	ug/L	1.0	Isopropylbenzene
Yes	C	F.	1.0	ug/L	10	2-Hexanone
Yes	C	,	1.0	ug/L	1.0	Freon 113
Yes	C	э	1.0	ug/L	1.0	Ethylbenzene
Yes	C	I.	1.0	ug/L	1.0	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene
Yes	C		1.0	ug/L	1.0	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene

Sample ID: FA34152-3 Sample location: BMSMC Building 5 Area Sampling date: 5/20/2019 Matrix: Soil

ME	ME1HOD: 8260C					
Analyte Name	Result	Units Dil	Units Dilution Factor	Lab Flag	Validation	/alidation Reportable
Acetone	71.2	ug/kg	1.0	1	ı	Yes
Benzene	5.5	ug/kg	1.0	1	C	Yes
Benzyl Chloride	5.5	ug/kg	1.0	ı	C	Yes
Bromochloromethane	5.5	ug/kg	1.0	,	_	Yes
Bromodichloromethane	5.5	ug/kg	1.0	1	C	Yes
Bromoform	5.5	ug/kg	1.0	ı	–	Yes
2-Butanone (MEK)	27	ug/kg	1.0	ı	C	Yes
Carbon disulfide	5.5	ug/kg	1.0	1	C	Yes
Carbon tetrachloride	5.5	ug/kg	1.0	1	C	Yes
Chlorobenzene	5.5	ug/kg	1.0	1	C	Yes
Chloroethane	5.5	ug/kg	1.0	,	–	Yes
Chloroform	5.5	ug/kg	1.0	,	C	Yes
Cyclohexane	5.5	ug/kg	1.0	1	C	Yes
Dibromochloromethane	5.5	ug/kg	1.0	1	C	Yes
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	5.5	ug/kg	1.0	ı	C	Yes
1,2-Dibromoethane	5.5	ug/kg	1.0	ı	C	Yes
Dichlorodifluoromethane	5.5	ug/kg	1.0	•	C	Yes
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	5.5	ug/kg	1.0		C	Yes
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	5.5	ug/kg	1.0	1	C	Yes
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	5.5	ug/kg	1.0	,	C	Yes
1,1-Dichloroethane	5.5	ug/kg	1.0	,	C	Yes
1,2-Dichloroethane	5.5	ug/kg	1.0	٠	_	Yes
1,1-Dichloroethene	5.5	ug/kg	1.0	ŧ	⊂	Yes
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5.5	ug/kg	1.0	1	C	Yes
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5.5	ug/kg	1.0	ı	C	Yes
1,2-Dichloropropane	5.5	ug/kg	1.0	3	_	Yes

o-Xylene	m,p-Xylene	Vinyl chloride	L,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	[richlorofluoromethane	richloroethene	,1,2-Trichloroethane	,1,1-Trichloroethane	,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	Toluene	Tetrahydrofuran	Tetrachloroethene	,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	Tert-Butyl Alcohol	Tert-Amyl Alcohol	Styrene	Methyl Tert Butyl Ether	4-Methyl-2-pentanone(MIBK)	Methylene chloride	Methylcyciohexane	Methyl Chloride	Methyl Bromide	Methyl Acetate	p-IsopropyItoluene	sopropylbenzene	2-Hexanone	Freon 113	Ethylbenzene	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene
5.5	11	5.5	5.5	5.5	5,5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	11	5.5	5.5	55	55	5.5	5.5	27	11	5.5	5.5	5.5	27	5.5	5.5	27	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5
ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg
1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
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C (C	C	C	C	C	C	_	C	C	C	C	C	_	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	⊂	C	C	C	C
Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Sample ID: FA34152-4
Sample location: BMSMC Building 5 Area
Sampling date: 5/20/2016
Matrix: Soil

trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	1,1-Dichloroethene	1,2-Dichloroethane	1,1-Dichloroethane	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	Dichlorodifluoromethane	1,2-Dibromoethane	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	Dibromochloromethane	Cyclohexane	Chloroform	Chloroethane	Chlorobenzene	Carbon tetrachloride	Carbon disulfide	2-Butanone (MEK)	Bromoform	Bromodichloromethane	Bromochloromethane	Benzyl Chloride	Benzene	Acetone	Analyte Name	7
6.6	ת מה מים	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	1.4	33	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	72.1	Result	METHOD: 8260C
ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	Units Dilu	
1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	Units Dilution Factor Lab Flag	
		ij	4	c	j.	٠		,t	r,) (T)	1.	C	1	T	E	_	t	1	1	E	1	1	1		
C C	= =	C	C	_	_	C	C	C	C	C	<u> </u>	C	C	C	C	⋸	C	C	C	C	C	–	,	Validation Reportable	
Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Reportable	

Vinyl chloride m,p-Xylene o-Xylene	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Trichlorofluoromethane	Trichloroethene	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	Toluene	Tetrahydrofuran	Tetrachloroethene	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	Tert-Butyl Alcohol	Tert-Amyl Alcohol	Styrene	Methyl Tert Butyl Ether	4-Methyl-2-pentanone(MIBK)	Methylene chloride	Methylcyclohexane	Methyl Chloride	Methyl Bromide	Methyl Acetate	p-IsopropyItoluene	Isopropylbenzene	2-Hexanone	Freon 113	Ethylbenzene	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	1,2-Dichloropropane
6.6 6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	13	6.6	6.6	66	66	6.6	6.6	33	13	6.6	6.6	6.6	33	6.6	6.6	33	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6
ug/kg ug/kg ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg
1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
1 1 2		1	,	к,	1	,	ĸ			C.	a		.1	1	ı.	t	1	c		,	r:	1	×		1	ĸ	t	16.	e
c c c	C	C	_	C	C	C	C	_	C	C	C	C	_	C	–	_	_	_	_	_	C	C	C	C	C	_	_	_	C
Yes Yes Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Sample ID: FA34152-5 Sample location: BMSMC Building 5 Area Sampling date: 5/20/2016 Matrix: Soil

	ואובו שכח: 2000					
Analyte Name	Result	Units D	Units Dilution Factor Lab Flag	Lab Flag	Validation	Reportable
Acetone	42.7	ug/kg	1.0	_	2	Yes
Benzene	5.1	ug/kg	1.0	•	C	Yes
Benzyl Chloride	5.1	ug/kg	1.0	•	C	Yes
Bromochloromethane	5.1	ug/kg	1.0	1	C	Yes
Bromodichloromethane	5.1	ug/kg	1.0	e	C	Yes
Bromoform	5.1	ug/kg	1.0	ŧ	C	Yes
2-Butanone (MEK)	25	ug/kg	1.0		C	Yes
Carbon disulfide	5.1	ug/kg	1.0	£	C	Yes
Carbon tetrachloride	5.1	ug/kg	1.0	à	_	Yes
Chlorobenzene	5.1	ug/kg	1.0	ŧ	_	Yes
Chloroethane	5.1	ug/kg	1.0	ı	_	Yes
Chloroform	5.1	ug/kg	1.0	ı	_	Yes
Cyclohexane	5.1	ug/kg	1.0	r)	C	Yes
Dibromochloromethane	5.1	ug/kg	1.0	1	C	Yes
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	5.1	ug/kg	1.0	,	C	Yes
1,2-Dibromoethane	5.1	ug/kg	1.0	ı	C	Yes
Dichlorodifluoromethane	5.1	ug/kg	1.0	j.	_	Yes
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	5.1	ug/kg	1.0	ı	C	Yes
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	5.1	ug/kg	1.0	ı	_	Yes
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	5.1	ug/kg	1.0	1	C	Yes
1,1-Dichloroethane	5.1	ug/kg	1.0	ı	C	Yes
1,2-Dichloroethane	5.1	ug/kg	1.0	٠	C	Yes
1,1-Dichloroethene	5.1	ug/kg	1.0	•	C	Yes
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	5.1	ug/kg	1.0	r,	C	Yes
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5.1	ug/kg	1.0	r	C	Yes
1,2-Dichloropropane	5.1	ug/kg	1.0	.1	C	Yes

cic_1 3_Dichloropropens	7 U	· · ~ / L ~	2		-	
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5.1	ug/kg	1.0		C (Yes
Ethylbenzene	5.1	ug/kg	1.0	1	C	Yes
Freon 113	5.1	ug/kg	1.0		C	Yes
2-Hexanone	25	ug/kg	1.0	ı	C	Yes
Isopropylbenzene	5.1	ug/kg	1.0	ı	C	Yes
p-IsopropyItoluene	5.1	ug/kg	1.0	r	C	Yes
Methyl Acetate	25	ug/kg	1.0	ú	C	Yes
Methyl Bromide	5.1	ug/kg	1.0	1	C	Yes
Methyl Chloride	5.1	ug/kg	1.0	T	C	Yes
Methylcyclohexane	5.1	ug/kg	1.0	а	C	Yes
Methylene chloride	10	ug/kg	1.0	r:	C	Yes
4-Methyl-2-pentanone(MIBK)	5.1	ug/kg	1.0	ı	C	Yes
Methyl Tert Butyl Ether	1.9	ug/kg	1.0	_	٤	Yes
Styrene	5.1	ug/kg	1.0	c	C	Yes
Tert-Amyl Alcohol	51	ug/kg	1.0	1	C	Yes
Tert-Butyl Alcohol	51	ug/kg	1.0	1	C	Yes
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5.1	ug/kg	1.0	E		Yes
Tetrachloroethene	5.1	ug/kg	1.0	ì	C	Yes
Tetrahydrofuran	10	ug/kg	1.0		C	Yes
Toluene	5.1	ug/kg	1.0	1	C	Yes
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	5.1	ug/kg	1.0		C	Yes
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	5.1	ug/kg	1.0	c	C	Yes
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5.1	ug/kg	1.0	•	C	Yes
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5.1	ug/kg	1.0	9	C	Yes
Trichloroethene	5.1	ug/kg	1.0	c	C	Yes
Trichlorofluoromethane	5.1	ug/kg	1.0	1	C	Yes
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	5.1	ug/kg	1.0	r	C	Yes
Vinyl chloride	5.1	ug/kg	1.0	, E	⊂	Yes
m,p-Xylene	10	ug/kg	1.0	1	C	Yes
o-Xylene	5.1	ug/kg	1.0	ı	C	Yes

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Sample ID: FA34152-6
Sample location: BMSMC Building 5 Area
Sampling date: 5/20/2016
Matrix: Soil

IVIE I HOD: 8260C					
Result	Units Dil	ution Factor	Lab Flag	Validation	Reportable
38.5	ug/kg	1.0	_	⊆	Yes
5.4	ug/kg	1.0	1	C	Yes
5.4	ug/kg	1.0	•	C	Yes
5.4	ug/kg	1.0		C	Yes
5.4	ug/kg	1.0	ı	C	Yes
5.4	ug/kg	1.0	1	C	Yes
27	ug/kg	1.0		C	Yes
5.4	ug/kg	1.0		C	Yes
5.4	ug/kg	1.0	,	C	Yes
5.4	ug/kg	1.0		C	Yes
5.4	ug/kg	1.0	•	_	Yes
5.4	ug/kg	1.0	,	_	Yes
5.4	ug/kg	1.0	ı	_	Yes
5.4	ug/kg	1.0	ı,	C	Yes
5.4	ug/kg	1.0	1	C	Yes
5.4	ug/kg	1.0	ı	C	Yes
5.4	ug/kg	1.0	ı	_	Yes
5.4	ug/kg	1.0	э	C	Yes
5.4	ug/kg	1.0	1	_	Yes
5.4	ug/kg	1.0	1	C	Yes
5.4	ug/kg	1.0	<u>.</u> 1	C	Yes
5.4	ug/kg	1.0	1	C	Yes
5.4	ug/kg	1.0	1	_	Yes
5.4	ug/kg	1.0	, L	C	Yes
5.4	ug/kg	1.0	•	C	Yes
5.4	ug/kg	1.0	æ	C	Yes
	Result 38.5 5.4 5.4 5.4 5.4 5.4 5.4 5.4 5.4 5.4 5			ult Units Dilution Factor Lab Flag 5.5 ug/kg 1.0 4 ug/kg 1.0 4 ug/kg 1.0 4 ug/kg 1.0 4 ug/kg 1.0 7 ug/kg 1.0 4 ug/kg 1.0 6 ug/kg 1.0 7 ug/kg 1.0 7 ug/kg 1.0 7 ug/kg 1.0 8 ug/kg 1.0 9 ug/kg 1.0	ult Units Dilution Factor Lab Flag Valid 1.0

o-Xylene	m,p-Xylene	Vinyl chloride	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Trichlorofluoromethane	Trichloroethene	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	Toluene	Tetrahydrofuran	Tetrachloroethene	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	Tert-Butyl Alcohol	Tert-Amyl Alcohol	Styrene	Methyl Tert Butyl Ether	4-Methyl-2-pentanone(MIBK)	Methylene chloride	Methylcyclohexane	Methyl Chloride	Methyl Bromide	Methyl Acetate	p-Isopropyitoluene	Isopropylbenzene	2-Hexanone	Freon 113	Ethylbenzene	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene
5.4	11	5.4	1.3	5,4	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.4	11	5.4	5.4	54	54	5.4	2.5	5.4	5.4	2.5	5.4	5.4	27	5.4	2.0	27	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.4
ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg
1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	20	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
9	1	ı	_	ř	1	,	i	,	ı	e	2	,	r;	,	1	1	_	E,		_	e;	9	1	•	_	c	,	x	E:	а
C	C	C	٤	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	ı	C	C	ı	–	C	5	C	C	2	C	C	C	C	2	C	C	C	C	C

1.00

Project Number:	_FA34152
Date:	May_19-20,_2016
Shipping date:	_May_20,_2016
EPA Region:	22

REVIEW OF VOLATILE ORGANIC PACKAGE Low/Medium Volatile Data Validation

The following guidelines for evaluating volatile organics were created to delineate required validation actions. This document will assist the reviewer in using professional judgment to make more informed decision and in better serving the needs of the data users. The sample results were assessed according to USEPA data validation guidance documents in the following order of precedence: USEPA Hazardous Waste Support Section SOP No. HW-33A Revision 0 SOM02.2. Low/Medium Volatile Data Validation. July, 2015. The QC criteria and data validation actions listed on the data review worksheets are from the primary guidance document, unless otherwise noted.

The hardcopied (laboratory name)Accutest reviewed and the quality control and performance data su	data package received has been immarized. The data review for VOCs included:
Lab. Project/SDG No.:FA34152	Sample matrix:Soil/Groundwater
X Data CompletenessX Holding TimesX GC/MS TuningX Internal Standard PerformanceX BlanksX Surrogate RecoveriesX Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike DuplicateOverallComments:VOA_TCL_list_(SW846_8260C)	X Laboratory Control SpikesX Field DuplicatesX CalibrationsX Compound IdentificationsX Compound QuantitationX Quantitation Limits
Definition of Qualifiers: J- Estimated results U- Compound not detected R- Rejected data UJ- Estimated nondetect Reviewer: Date: June 9, 2016	

DATA COMPLETENESS

MISSING INFORMATION	DATE LAB. CONTACTED	DATE RECEIVED
7		
		_

All criteria were met _X
Criteria were not met
and/or see below

HOLDING TIMES

The objective of this parameter is to ascertain the validity of the results based on the holding time of the sample from time of collection to the time of analysis.

Complete table for all samples and note the analysis and/or preservation not within criteria

SAMPLE ID	DATE SAMPLED	DATE ANALYZED	pН	ACTION
			ļ	
		<u>-</u>		
All samples analy required criteria.	zed within method	recommended holding	time.	Sample preservation within

Criteria

Aqueous samples – 14 days from sample collection for preserved samples (pH \leq 2, 4 \pm 2°C), no air bubbles.

Aqueous samples – 7 days from sample collection for unpreserved samples, 4°C, no air bubbles.

Soil samples- 14 days from sample collection.

Cooler temperature (Criteria: 4 ± 2 °C): 4° C - OK

<u>Actions</u>

Aqueous samples

- a. If there is no evidence that the samples were properly preserved (pH < 2, $T = 4^{\circ}C \pm 2^{\circ}C$), but the samples were analyzed within the technical holding time [7 days from sample collection], no qualification of the data is necessary.
- b. If there is no evidence that the samples were properly preserved, and the samples were analyzed outside of the technical holding time [7 days from sample collection], qualify detects for all volatile compounds as estimated (J) and non-detects as unusable (R).
- c. If the samples were properly preserved, and the samples were analyzed within the technical holding time [14 days from sample collection], no qualification of the data is necessary.
- d. If the samples were properly preserved, but were analyzed outside of the technical holding time [14 days from sample collection], qualify detects as estimated (J) and non-detects as unusable (R).
- e. If air bubbles were present in the sample vial used for analysis, qualify detected compounds as estimated (J-) and non-detected compounds as estimated (UJ).

Non-aqueous samples

- a. If there is no evidence that the samples were properly preserved (T < -7°C or T = 4°C \pm 2°C and preserved with NaHSO₄), but the samples were analyzed within the technical holding time [14 days from sample collection], qualify detects for all volatile compounds as estimated (J) and non-detects as (UJ) or unusable (R) using professional judgment.
- b. If the samples were properly preserved, and the samples were analyzed within the technical holding time [14 days from sample collection], no qualification of the data is necessary.
- c. If there is no evidence that the samples were properly preserved, and the samples were analyzed outside of the technical holding time [14 days from sample collection], qualify detects for all volatile compounds as estimated (J) and non-detects as unusable (R).
- d. If the samples were properly preserved, but were analyzed outside of the technical holding time [14 days from sample collection], qualify detects as estimated (J) and non-detects as unusable (R).

Qualify TCLP/SPLP samples

- a. If the TCLP/SPLP ZHE procedure is performed within the extraction technical holding time of 14 days, detects and non-detects should not be qualified.
- b. If the TCLP/SPLP ZHE procedure is performed outside the extraction technical holding time of 14 days, qualify detects as estimated (J) and non-detects as unusable (R).
- c. If TCLP/SPLP aqueous samples and TCLP/SPLP leachate samples are analyzed within the technical holding time of 7 days, detects and non-detects should not be qualified.
- d. If TCLP/SPLP aqueous samples and TCLP/SPLP leachate samples are analyzed outside of the technical holding time of 7 days, qualify detects as estimated (J) and non-detects as unusable (R).

Table 1. Holding Time Actions for Low/Medium Volatile Analyses - Summary

				Action
Matrix	Preserved	Criteria	Detected Associated Compounds	Non-Detected Associated Compounds
	No	≤ 7 days	Nog	ualification
Aguagua	No	> 7 days	Ĵ	R
Aqueous	Yes	≤ 14 days	Nog	ualification
	Yes	> 14 days	J	R
Non Assessed	No	≤ 14 days	J	Professional judgment, UJ or R
Non-Aqueous	Yes	≤ 14 days	Noq	ualification
	Yes/No	> 14 days	J	R
TCLP/SPLP	Yes	≤ 14 days	No q	ualification
TCLP/SPLP	No	> 14 days	J	R

TCLP/SPLP	ZHE performed within the 14-day technical holding time	No qu	alification
TCLP/SPLP	ZHE performed outside the 14-day technical holding time	J	R
TCLP/SPLP aqueous & TCLP/SPLP leachate	Analyzed within 7 days	No qui	alification
TCLP/SPLP aqueous & TCLP/SPLP leachate	Analyzed outside 7 days	J	R
Sample tempera	ture outside 4°C ± 2°C he laboratory	Use profess	ional judgment
Holding times g	rossly exceeded	J	R

All	criteria were met _X
Criteria were	not met see below

GC/MS TUNING

The assessment of the tuning results is to determine if the sample instrumentation is within the standard tuning QC limits

__X___The BFB performance results were reviewed and found to be within the specified criteria.

__X___BFB tuning was performed for every 12 hours of sample analysis.

NOTES: All mass spectrometer instrument conditions must be identical to those used during the sample analysis. Background subtraction actions resulting in spectral distortions for the sole purpose of meeting the method specifications are contrary to the Quality Assurance (QA) objectives, and are therefore

NOTES: No data should be qualified based on BFB failure. Instances of this should be noted in the narrative.

All ion abundance ratios must be normalized to m/z 95, the nominal base peak, even though the ion abundance of m/z 174 may be up to 120% that of m/z 95.

Actions:

unacceptable.

If samples are analyzed without a preceding valid instrument performance check, qualify all data in those samples as unusable (R).

If ion abundance criteria are not met, professional judgment may be applied to determine to what extent the data may be utilized. When applying professional judgment to this topic, the most important factors to consider are the empirical results that are relatively insensitive to location on the chromatographic profile and the type of instrumentation. Therefore, the critical ion abundance criteria for BFB are the m/z 95/96, 174/175, 174/176, and 176/177 ratios. The relative abundances of m/z 50 and 75 are of lower importance. This issue is more critical for Tentatively Identified Compounds (TICs) than for target analytes.

Note: State in the Data Review Narrative, decisions to use analytical data associated with BFB instrument performance checks not meeting contract requirements.

Note: Verify that that instrument instrument performance check criteria were achieved using techniques described in Low/Medium Volatiles Organic Analysis, Section II.D.5 of the SOM02.2 NFG, obtain additional information on the instrument performance checks. Make sure that background subtraction was performed from the BFB peak and not from background subtracting from the solvent front or from another region of the chromatogram.

DATA REVIEW WORKSHEETS

	judgment to determine whetl ass calibration compound.	her associated data should be qualifi	ied based on the
List	the	samples	affected:
If mace calibration	is in error, all associated data	are rejected	-

All criteria were metX
Criteria were not met
and/or see below

CALIBRATION VERIFICATION

Compliance requirements for satisfactory instrument calibration are established to ensure that the instrument is capable of producing and maintaining acceptable quantitative data.

Date of initial calibration:05/2	21/16	05/12/16	_
Dates of continuing (initial) calibrat	ion:05/21/16	05/12/16	_
Dates of continuing calibration:	05/24/16	05/22/16	_
Dates of ending calibration:	05/24/16	05/12/16;_05/23/16	
Instrument ID numbers:	_GCMSF	GCMSJ	
Matrix/Level:Aqueous/low		Aqueous/low	

DATE	LAD EUE	ODITED!! OF	20110011110	0.4401.00	
DATE	LAB FILE	CRITERIA OUT	COMPOUND	SAMPLES	
	ID#	RFs, %RSD, <u>%D</u> , r		AFFECTED	
GCMSF	-	113		-	
05/24/16	CC2658-4	-25.0	Tetrahydrofuran*	None	
05/24/16	ECC2658-4	27.4	Vinyl chloride	None	
		20.2	1,2-dichloroethene*	None	
	<u> </u>	24.1	Ethylbenzene	None	
GCMSJ			-		
05/23/16	CC5295-5	-49.7	Dichlorodifluoromethane	Qualify results in	
		-35.8	Chloroethane	samples FA34152-	
		-22.3	Trichlorofluoromethane*	1; -2	
05/23/16	ECC5295-5	-65.5	Dichlorodifluoromethane	None	
		-30.8	Vinyl chloride*	None	
		-89.1	Chloroethane	None	

Note: Initial calibration, initial calibration verification, and continuing calibration verification within the validation guidance document required criteria except in the cases described in this document. Closing calibration check verification included in data package.

* Analytes with continuing and ending calibration % difference within the guidance document validation criteria of ± 25 % or ± 50 %. No action taken.

Ending calibration % difference was outside the guidance document validation criteria of \pm 25 % or \pm 50 % difference. No action taken.

Criteria

The analyte calibration criteria in the following Table must be obtained. Analytes not meeting the criteria are qualified.

A separate worksheet should be filled for each initial curve

Initial Calibration - Table 2. RRF, %RSD, and %D Acceptance Criteria for Initial Calibration and CCV for Low/Medium Volatile Analysis

Analyte	Minimum	Maximum	Opening	Closing
	RRF	%RSD	Maximum %D1	Maximum %D
Dichlorodifluoromethane	0.010	25.0	±40.0	±50.0
Chloromethane	0.010	20.0	±30.0	±50.0
Vinyl chloride	0.010	20.0	±25.0	±50.0
Bromomethane	0.010	40.0	±30.0	±50.0
Chloroethane	0.010	40.0	±25.0	±50.0
Trichlorofluoromethane	0.010	40.0	±30.0	±50.0
1,1-Dichloroethene	0.060	20.0	±20.0	±25.0
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	0.050	25.0	±25.0	±50.0
Acetone	0.010	40.0	±40.0	±50.0
Carbon disulfide	0.100	20.0	±25.0	±25.0
Methyl acetate	0.010	40.0	±40.0	±50.0
Methylene chloride	0.010	40.0	±30.0	±50.0
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.100	20.0	±20.0	±25.0
Methyl tert-butyl ether	0.100	40.0	±25.0	±50.0
1,1-Dichloroethane	0.300	20.0	±20.0	±25.0
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.200	20.0	±20.0	±25.0
2-Butanone	0.010	40.0	±40.0	±50.0
Bromochloromethane	0.100	20.0	±20.0	±25.0
Chloroform	0.300	20.0	±20.0	±25.0
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.050	20.0	±25.0	±25.0
Cyclohexane	0.010	40.0	±25.0	±50.0
Carbon tetrachloride	0.100	20.0	±25.0	±25.0
Benzene	0.200	20.0	±20.0	±25.0
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.070	20.0	±20.0	±25.0
Trichloroethene	0.200	20.0	±20.0	±25.0
Methylcyclohexane	0.050	40.0	±25.0	±50.0
1,2-Dichloropropane	0.200	20.0	±20.0	±25.0
Bromodichloromethane	0.300	20.0	±20.0	±25.0
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	0.300	20.0	±20.0	±25.0
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	0.030	25.0	±30.0	±50.0
Toluene	0.300	20.0	±20.0	±25.0
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	0.200	20.0	±20.0	±25.0
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.200	20.0	±20.0	±25.0
Tetrachloroethene	0.100	20.0	±20.0	±25.0
2-Hexanone	0.010	40.0	±40.0	±50.0
Dibromochloromethane	0.200	20.0	±20.0	±25.0
1,2-Dibromoethane	0.200	20.0	±20.0	±25.0
Chlorobenzene	0.400	20.0	±20.0	±25.0
Ethylbenzene	0.400	20.0	±20.0	±25.0

Analyte	Minimum RRF	Maximum %RSD	Opening Maximum %D ¹	Closing Maximum
m.p-Xylene	0.200	20.0	±20.0	±25.0
o-Xylene	0.200	20.0	±20.0	±25.0
Styrene	0.200	20.0	±20.0	±25.0
Bromoform	0.100	20.0	±25.0	±50.0
Isopropylbenzene	0.400	20.0	±25.0	±25.0
1.1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.200	20.0	±25.0	±25.0
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	0.500	20.0	±20.0	±25.0
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	0.600	20.0	±20.0	±25.0
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	0.600	20.0	±20.0	±25.0
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	0.010	25.0	±30.0	±50.0
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	0.400	20.0	±30.0	±50.0
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	0.400	25.0	±30.0	±50.0
Deuterated Monitoring Compound	d			
Vinyl chloride-d3	0.010	20.0	±30.0	±50.0
Chloroethane-ds	0.010	40.0	±30.0	±50.0
1,1-Dichloroethene-d2	0.050	20.0	±25.0	±25.0
2-Butanone-ds	0.010	40.0	±40.0	±50.0
Chloroform-d	0.300	20.0	±20.0	±25.0
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	0.060	20.0	±25.0	±25.0
Benzene-da	0.300	20.0	±20.0	±25.0
1,2-Dichloropropane-do	0.200	20.0	±20.0	±25.0
Toluene-ds	0.300	20.0	±20.0	±25.0
trans-1.3-Dichloropropene-d4	0.200	20.0	±20.0	±25.0
2-Hexanone-ds	0.010	40.0	±40.0	±50.0
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane-da	0.200	20.0	±25.0	±25.0
1,2-Dichlorobenzene-da	0.400	20.0	±20.0	±25.0

If a closing CCV is acting as an opening CCV, all target analytes and DMCs must meet the requirements for an opening CCV.

Actions:

- 1. If any volatile target compound has an RRF value less than the minimum in the table, use professional judgment for detects, based on mass spectral identification, to qualify the data as estimated (J+or R).
 - If any volatile target compound has an RRF value less than the minimum criterion, qualify non-detected compounds as unusable (R).
 - b. If any of the volatile target compounds listed in the Table has %RSD greater than the criteria, qualify detects as estimated (J), and non-detected compounds using professional judgment.
 - c. If the volatile target compounds meet the acceptance criteria for RRF and the %RSD, no qualification of the data is necessary.

- d. No qualification of the data is necessary on the DMC RRF and %RSD data alone. Use professional judgment and follow the guidelines in Action 2 to evaluate the DMC RRF and %RSD data in conjunction with the DMC recoveries to determine the need for qualification of data.
- 2. At the reviewer's discretion, and based on the project-specific Data Quality Objectives (DQOs), a more in-depth review may be considered using the following guidelines:
 - a. If any volatile target compound has a %RSD greater than the maximum criterion in the Table, and if eliminating either the high or the low-point of the curve does not restore the %RSD to less than or equal to the required maximum:
 - i. Qualify detects for that compound(s) as estimated (J).
 - ii. Qualify non-detected volatile target compounds using professional judgment.
 - b. If the high-point of the curve is outside of the linearity criteria (e.g., due to saturation):
 - i. Qualify detects outside of the linear portion of the curve as estimated (J).
 - ii. No qualifiers are required for detects in the linear portion of the curve.
 - iii. No qualifiers are required for volatile target compounds that were not detected.
 - c. If the low-point of the curve is outside of the linearity criteria:
 - i. Qualify low-level detects in the area of non-linearity as estimated (J).
 - ii. No qualifiers are required for detects in the linear portion of the curve.
 - iii. For non-detected volatile compounds, use the lowest point of the linear portion of the curve to determine the new quantitation limit.

Note: If the laboratory has failed to provide adequate calibration information, inform the Region's designated representative to contact the laboratory and request the necessary information. If the information is not available, the reviewer must use professional judgment to assess the data.

State in the Data Review Narrative, if possible, the potential effects on the data due to calibration criteria exceedance.

Note, for the Laboratory COR action, if calibration criteria are grossly exceeded.

Table. Initial Calibration Actions for Low/Medium Volatile Analysis – Summary

Criteria	Action		
Criteria	Detect	Non-detect	
Initial Calibration not performed at specified frequency and sequence	Use professional judgment R	Use professional judgment R	
Initial Calibration not performed at the specified concentrations	J	UJ	
RRF - Minimum RRF in Table for target analyte	Use professional judgment J+ or R	R	
RRF > Minimum RRF in Table for inruet numlyte	No qualification	No qualification	
*•RSD > Maximum *•RSD in Table for target analyte	J	Use professional	
%RSD Maximum %RSD in Table for target analyte	No qualification	No qualification	

All criteria were met __X___ Criteria were not met and/or see below _____

Continuing Calibration Verification (CCV)

NOTE: Verify that the CCV was run at the required frequency (an opening and closing CCV must be run within 12-hour period) and the CCV was compared to the correct initial calibration. If the midpoint standard from the initial calibration is used as an opening CCV, verify that the result (RRF) of the mid-point standard was compared to the average RRF from the correct initial calibration.

The closing CCV used to bracket the end of a 12-hour analytical sequence may be used as the opening CCV for the new 12-hour analytical sequence, provided that all the technical acceptance criteria are met for an opening CCV (see criteria show before in the Table). If the closing CCV does not meet the technical acceptance criteria for an opening CCV, then a BFB tune followed by an opening CCV is required and the next 12-hour time period begins with the BFB tune.

All DMCs must meet RRF criteria. No qualification of the data is necessary on the DMCs RRF and %RSD/%D data alone. However, use professional judgment to evaluate the DMC and %RSD/%D data in conjunction with the DMC recoveries to determine the need of qualification the data.

Action:

- 1. If a CCV (opening and closing) was not run at the appropriate frequency, qualify data using professional judgment.
- 2. Qualify all volatile target compounds in Table shown before using the following criteria:
 - a. For an opening CCV, if any volatile target compound has an RRF value less than the minimum criterion, use professional judgment for detects, based on mass spectral identification, to qualify the data as estimated (J) and qualify non-detected compounds as unusable (R).
 - b. For a closing CCV, if any volatile target compound has an RRF value less than the criteria, use professional judgment for detects based on mass spectral identification to qualify the data as estimated (J), and qualify non-detected compounds as unusable (R).
 - c. For an opening CCV, if the Percent Difference value for any of the volatile target compounds is outside the limits in calibration criteria Table shown before, qualify detects as estimated (J) and non-detected compounds as estimated (UJ).
 - d. For a closing CCV, if the Percent Difference value for any volatile target compound is outside the limits in calibration criteria table, qualify detects as estimated (J) and nondetected compounds as estimated (UJ).
 - e. If the volatile target compounds meet the acceptable criteria for RRF and the Percent Difference, no qualification of the data is necessary.
 - f. No qualification of the data is necessary on the DMC RRF and the Percent Difference data alone. Use professional judgment to evaluate the DMC RRF and Percent Difference data in conjunction with the DMC recoveries to determine the need for qualification of data.

Notes: If the laboratory has failed to provide adequate calibration information, inform the Region's designated representative to contact the laboratory and request the necessary information. If the information is not available, the reviewer must use professional judgment to assess the data.

State in the Data Review Narrative, if possible, the potential effects on the data due to calibration criteria exceedance.

Note, for Contract Laboratory COR action, if calibration criteria are grossly exceeded.

Table. Continuing Calibration Actions for Low/Medium Volatile Analysis - Summary

Criteria for Opening	Criteria for	Action	
CCV	Closing CCV	Detect	Non-detect
CCV not performed at required frequency	CCV not performed at required frequency	Use professional judgment R	Use professional judgment R
CCV not performed at specified concentration	CCV not performed at specified concentration	Use professional judgment	Use professional judgment
RRF < Minimum RRF in Table 2 for target analyte	RRF < Minimum RRF in Table for target analyte	Use professional judgment J or R	R
RRF ≥ Minimum RRF in Table 2 for target analyte	RRF ≥ Minimum RRF in Table for target analyte	No qualification	No qualification
%D outside the Opening Maximum %D limits in Table 2 for target analyte	%D outside the Closing Maximum %D limits in Table for target analyte	J	UJ
% D within the inclusive Opening Maximum % D limits in Table 2 for target analyte	%D within the inclusive Closing Maximum %D limits in Table for target analyte	No qualification	No qualification

All criteria were metX
Criteria were not met
and/or see below

BLANK ANALYSIS RESULTS (Sections 1 & 2)

The assessment of the blank analysis results is to determine the existence and magnitude of contamination problems. The criteria for evaluation of blanks apply only to blanks associated with the samples, including trip, equipment, and laboratory blanks. If problems with any blanks exist, all data associated with the case must be carefully evaluated to determine whether or not there is an inherent variability in the data for the case, or if the problem is an isolated occurrence not affecting other data.

List the contamination in the blanks below. High and low levels blanks must be treated separately.

The concentration of a target analyte in any blank must not exceed its Contract Required Quantitation Limit (CRQL) (2x CRQLs for Methylene chloride, Acetone, and 2-Butanone). TIC concentration in any blanks must be $\leq 5.0 \,\mu\text{g/L}$ for water (0.0050 mg/L for TCLP leachate) and $\leq 5.0 \,\mu\text{g/kg}$ for soil matrices.

Laboratory blanks

The method blank, like any other sample in the SDG, must meet the technical acceptance criteria for sample analysis.

DATE ANALYZED	LAB ID	LEVEL/ MATRIX	COMPOUND	CONCENTRATION UNITS
		389		
Field/ <u>Equipme</u>	nt/Trip blank			
If field or trip blamethod blanks.	anks are prese	nt, the data revi	ewer should evaluate th	is data in a similar fashion as the
DATE ANALYZED	LAB ID	LEVEL/ MATRIX	COMPOUND	CONCENTRATION UNITS
_	-			blanks_analyzed_with_this_data
	54.0			

All criteria were met _X
Criteria were not met
and/or see below

BLANK ANALYSIS RESULTS (Section 3)

Blank Actions

Note

All fields blank results associated with a particular group of samples (may exceed one per case) must be used to qualify data. Trip blanks are used to qualify only those samples with which they were shipped. Blanks may not be qualified because of contamination in another blank. Field blanks and trip blanks must be qualified for system monitoring compounds, instrument performance criteria, and spectral or calibration QC problems.

Samples taken from a drinking water tap do not have associated field blanks.

When applied as described in the Table below, the contaminant concentration in the blank is multiplied by the sample dilution factor.

Table. Blank and TCLP/SPLP LEB Actions for Low/Medium Volatile Analysis

Blank Type	Blank Result	Sample Result	Action for Samples
	Detects	Not detected	No qualification required
	< CRQL *	< CRQL*	Report CRQL value with a U
	CRQL	≥ CRQL*	No qualification required
Method,		< CRQL*	Report CRQL value with a U
Storage, Field,		≥ CRQL* and ≤	Report blank value for sample
Trip, > CRQL * TCLP/SPLP LEB,	> CRQL *	blank concentration	concentration with a U
		≥ CRQL* and >	No qualification required
		blank concentration	110 qualification required
Instrument**	= CRQL*	≤ CRQL*	Report CRQL value with a U
		> CRQL*	No qualification required
	Gross	Detects	Report blank value for sample
	contamination	Detects	concentration with a U

^{* 2}x the CRQL for methylene chloride, 2-butanone and acetone.

Action Levels (ALs) should be based upon the highest concentration of contaminant determined in any blank. Do not qualify any blank with another blank. The ALs for samples which have been diluted should be corrected for the sample dilution factor and/or % moisture, where applicable. No positive sample results should be reported unless the concentration of the compound in the samples exceeds the ALs:

^{**} Qualifications based on instrument blank results affect only the sample analyzed immediately after the sample that has target compounds that exceed the calibration range or non-target compounds that exceed 100 µg/L.

DATA REVIEW WORKSHEETS

Notes:

High and low level blanks must be treated separately Compounds qualified "U" for blank contamination are still considered "hits" when qualifying for calibration criteria.

CONTAMINATION SOURCE/LEVEL	COMPOUND	CONC/UNITS	AL/UNITS	SQL	AFFECTED SAMPLES
				100000	1
				1	
·	- The second second				
	- The state of the				
-255					

All criteria were metX
Criteria were not met
and/or see below

DEUTERATED MONITORING COMPOUNDS (DMCs)

Laboratory performance of individual samples is established by evaluation of surrogate spike (DMCs) recoveries. All samples are spiked with surrogate compounds prior to sample analysis. The accuracy of the analysis is measured by the surrogate percent recovery. Since the effects of the sample matrix are frequently outside the control of the laboratory and may present relatively unique problems, the validation of data is frequently subjective and demands analytical experience and professional judgment.

Table. Volatile Deuterated Monitoring Compounds (DMCs) and Recovery Limits

DMC	%R for Water Sample	%R for Soil Sample
Vinyl chloride-d3	60-135	30-150
Chloroethane-d5	70-130	30-150
1,1-Dichloroethene-d2	60-125	45-110
2-Butanone-d5	40-130	20-135
Chloroform-d	70-125	40-150
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	70-125	70-130
Benzene-d6	70-125	20-135
1,2-Dichloropropane-d6	70-120	70-120
Toluene-d8	80-120	30-130
trans-1,3-	60-125	30-135
Dichloropropene-d4		
2-Hexanone-d5	45-130	20-135
1,1,2,2-	65-120	45-120
Tetrachloroethane-d2		
1,2-Dichlorobenzene-d4	80-120	75-120

NOTE: The recovery limits for any of the compounds listed in the above Table may be expanded at any time during the period of performance if the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) determines that the limits are too restrictive.

Action:

Are recoveries for DMCs in volatile samples and blanks must be within the limits specified in the Table above.

Yes? or No?

NOTE: The recovery limits for any of the compounds listed in the Table above may be expanded at any time during the period of performance if USEPA determines that the limits are too restrictive.

List the DMCs that may fail to meet the recovery limits

Sample ID

Date

DMCs

% Recovery

Action

DMCs recoveries within the required limit. Other non-deuterated surrogates added to the samples within laboratory control limits.

Note: Any sample which has more than 3 DMCs outside the limits must be reanalyzed.

Action:

- 1. For any recovery greater than the upper acceptance limit.
 - a. Qualify detected associated volatile target compounds as estimated high (J+).
 - b. Do not qualify non-detected associated volatile target compounds.
- 2. For any recovery greater than or equal to 10%, and less than the lower acceptance limit:
 - a. Qualify detected associated volatile target compounds as estimated low (J-).
 - b. Qualify non-detected associated volatile target compounds as estimated (UJ).
- 3. For any recovery less than 10%:
 - a. Qualify detected associated volatile target compounds as estimated low (J-).
 - b. Qualify non-detected associated volatile target compounds as unusable (R).
- 4. For any recovery within acceptance limits, no qualification of the data is necessary.
- 5. In the special case of a blank analysis having DMCs out of specification, the reviewer must give special consideration to the validity of associated sample data. The basic concern is whether the blank problems represent an isolated problem with the blank alone, or whether there is a fundamental problem with the analytical process. For example, if one or more samples in the batch show acceptable DMC recoveries, the reviewer may choose to consider the blank problem to be an isolated occurrence. However, even if this judgment allows some use of the affected data, note analytical problems for Contract Laboratory COR action.
- 6. If more than three DMCs are outside of the recovery limits for Low/Medium volatiles analysis and the sample was not reanalyzed, note under Contract Problems/Non-Compliance.

Table. Deuterated Monitoring Compound (DMC) Recovery Actions for Low/Medium Volatiles Analyses – Summary

	Action		
Criteria	Detect Associated Compounds	Non-detected Associated Compounds	
^a 6R < 10 ^a 6	J-	R	
10% ≤ %R < Lower Acceptance Limit	J-	UJ	
Lower Acceptance Limit \leq %R \leq Upper Acceptance Limit	No qualification	No qualification	
%R > Upper Acceptance Limit	J+	No qualification	

TABLE. VOLATILE DEUTERATED MONITORING COMPOUNDS (DMCs) AND THE ASSOCIATED TARGET COMPOUNDS

Vinyl chloride-ds (DMC-1)	Chloroethane-ds (DMC-2)	1,1-Dichloroethene-d2 (DMC-3)
Vinyl chloride	Dichlorodifluoromethane	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene
	Chloromethane	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene
	Bromomethane	1,1-Dichloroethene
	Chloroethane	
	Carbon disulfide	
2-Butanone-ds (DMC-4)	Chloroform-d (DMC-5)	1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 (DMC-6)
Acetone	1,1-Dichloroethane	Trichlorofluoromethane
2-Butanone	Bromochloromethane	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane
	Chloroform	Methyl acetate
	Dibromochloromethane	Methylene chloride
	Bromoform	Methyl-tert-butyl ether
		1,1,1-Trichloroethane
		Carbon tetrachloride
		1.2-Dibromoethane
		1,2-Dichloroethane
Benzene-de (DMC-7)	1,2-Dichloropropane-ds (DMC-8)	Toluene-da (DMC-9)
Benzene	Cyclohexane	Trichloroethene
	Methylcyclohexane	Toluene
	1,2-Dichloropropane	Tetrachloroethene
	Bromodichloromethane	Ethylbenzene
		o-Xylene
		m.p-Xylene
		Styrene
		Isopropylbenzene
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene-d4 (DMC-10)	2-Hexanone-ds (DMC-11)	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane-d2 (DMC-12)
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	4-Methyl-2-pentanone	1,1,2,2,-Tetrachloroethane
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	2-Hexanone	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane
1,1,2-Trichloroethane		• •
1,2-Dichlorobenzene-da		
(DMC-13)		
Chlorobenzene		
1,3-Dichlorobenzene		
1,4-Dichlorobenzene		
1,2-Dichlorobenzene		
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene		
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene		

All criteria were met
Criteria were not met
and/or see belowX

MATRIX SPIKE/MATRIX SPIKE DUPLICATE (MS/MSD)

This data is generated to determine long term precision and accuracy in the analytical method for various matrices. This data alone cannot be used to evaluate the precision and accuracy of individual samples. If any % R in the MS or MSD falls outside the designated range, the reviewer should determine if there are matrix effects, i.e. LCS data are within the QC limits but MS/MSD data are outside QC limit.

NOTES:

Data for MS and MSDs will not be present unless requested by the Region. Notify the Contract Laboratory COR if a field or trip blank was used for the MS and MSD.

For a Matrix Spike that does not meet criteria, apply the action to only the field sample used to prepare the Matrix Spike sample. If it is clearly stated in the data validation materials that the samples were taken through incremental sampling or some other method guaranteeing the homogeneity of the sample group, then the entire sample group may be qualified.

MS/MSD Recoveries and Precision Criteria

The laboratory should use one MS and a duplicate analysis of an unspiked field sample if target analytes are expected in the sample. If target analytes are not expected, MS/MSD should be analyzed.

List the %Rs, RPD of the compounds which do not meet the criteria.

Sample ID:_F. Sample ID:_F.				_		Matrix/ Matrix/	_		Soil Aqueous	
The QC reported here FA34152-1, FA34152-2		o the fo	llowing sa	amples:			Metho	d: SW84	6 82600	2
Compound Tert-Butyl Alcohol	FA341 ug/l ND	52-1 Q	Spike ug/l 250	MS ug/l 336	MS % 134*	Spike ug/l 250	MSD ug/l 361	MSD % 144*	RPD 7	Limits Rec/RPD 63-129/27

Note: tert-butyl alcohol not detected in affected samples. Non-detects results are accepted.

MATRIX SPIKE/MATRIX SPIKE DUPLICATE

The QC reported here applies to the following samples: FA34152-3, FA34152-4, FA34152-5; FA34152-6

Method: SW846 8260C

_	FA3411		Spike	MS	MS	Spike	MSD	MSD		Limits
Compound	ug/kg	Q	ug/kg	ug/kg	%	ug/kg	ug/kg	%	RPD	Rec/RPD
Benzyl Chloride	ND		75.2	46.1	61*	77.3	54.7	71	17	65-126/31
Bromodichloromethane	ND		75.2	52.2	69*	77.3	66.3	86	24	74-130/25
2-Butanone (MEK)	ND		376	247	66*	386	303	78	20	75-137/25
Carbon Disulfide	ND		75.2	51.3	68*	77.3	69.0	89	29	72-122/29
Carbon Tetrachloride	ND		75.2	49.3	66*	77.3	57.1	74*	15	78-133/29
Chloroethane	ND		75.2	47.1	63*	77.3	63.5	82	30*	68-133/29
Cyclohexane	ND		75.2	47.0	62*	77.3	52.9	68*	12	73-126/32
1,2-Dibromo-3-										
chloropropane	ND		75.2	42.4	56*	77.3	57.8	75	31*	70-137/29
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND		75.2	29.7	39*	77.3	40.2	52*	30*	68-168/29
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND		75.2	59.1	79*	77.3	73.4	95	22	80-129/32
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND		75.2	53.6	71*	77.3	64.9	84	19	73-125/27
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND		75.2	47.2	63*	77.3	61.0	79	26*	74-128/23
1,1-Dichloroethylene	ND		75.2	44.6	59*	77.3	60.6	78*	30*	81-136/28
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND		75.2	54.5	72*	77.3	69.9	90	25	74-125/25
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND		75.2	50.9	68*	77.3	63.3	82	22	80-123/26
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND		75.2	48.7	65*	77.3	59.1	76	19	75-131/28
Ethylbenzene	ND		75.2	48.8	65*	77.3	58.0	75*	17	77-123/31
Freon 113	ND		75.2	44.2	59*	77.3	58.5	76	28	71-129/30
2-Hexanone	ND		376	232	62*	386	294	76	24	72-133/26
Isopropylbenzene	ND		75.2	48.2	64*	77.3	56.6	73*	16	80-136/32
p-Isopropyltoluene	ND		75.2	49.8	66*	77.3	62.8	81	23	77-131/34
Methyl Bromide	ND		75.2	47.2	63*	77.3	69.9	90	39*	65-139/31
Methyl Chloride	ND		75.2	35.2	47*	77.3	51.0	66*	37*	71-144/27
Methylcyclohexane	ND		75.2	49.1	65*	77.3	56.9	74*	15	75-128/31
4-Methyl-2-pentanone										
(MIBK)	ND		376	242	64*	386	298	77	21	76-132/26
• •	ND		75.2	52.6	70*	77.3	66.6	86	23	77-128/35
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene			75.2	56.1	75*	77.3	68.9	89	20	78-130/34
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND		75.2	45.7	61*	77.3	58.2	75	24	73-145/31
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene			75.2	51.1	68*	77.3	63.0	82	21	74-123/34
Vinyl Chloride	ND		75.2	39.9	53*	77.3	52.7	68*	28*	76-141/27
m,p-Xylene	ND		150	104	69*	155	125	81	18	80-128/30
o-Xylene	ND		75.2	58.9	78*	77.3	67.4	87	13	80-132/30

Note: No action taken, MS/MSD actions apply to unspiked sample. Unspiked sample was from a different project.

DATA REVIEW WORKSHEETS

- * QC limits are laboratory in-house performance criteria, LL = lower limit, UL = upper limit.
- * If QC limits are not available, use limits of 70 130 %.

Actions:

1. No qualification of the data is necessary on MS and MSD data alone. However, using professional judgment, the validator may use the MS and MSD results in conjunction with other QC criteria and determine the need for some qualification of the data.

QUALITY	%R < LL	%R > UL
Positive results	J	J
Nondetects results	R	Accept

MS/MSD criteria apply only to the unspiked sample, its dilutions, and the associated MS/MSD samples:

If the % R for the affected compounds were < LL (or 70 %), qualify positive results (J) and nondetects (UJ).

If the % R for the affected compounds were > UL (or 130 %), only qualify positive results $\,$ (J). If 25 % or more of all MS/MSD %R were < LL (or 70 %) or if two or more MS/MSD %Rs were < 10%, qualify all positive results (J) and reject nondetects (R).

A separate worksheet should be used for each MS/MSD pair.

All criteria were met _	_X
Criteria were not met	
and/or see below	

QC LIMIT

LABORATORY CONTROL SAMPLE (LCS) ANALYSIS

This data is generated to determine accuracy of the analytical method for various matrices.

1. LCS Recoveries Criteria

LCS ID

Where LCS spiked with the same analyte at the same concentrations as the MS/MSD?

Yes

or No. If no make note in data review memo.

% R

List the %R of compounds which do not meet the criteria

COMPOUND

_Recoveries _document:_		in_laboratory_control_limits_e	xcept_for_the_c	cases_described_in_this	<u>;_</u>
_	V/16210 DC	Dichlorodifluoromethone	177 0/	40 467	

VJ3310-B5		177_% 126_% 138_%	42167 81122 76127	<u>-</u>
VF2661-BS	Acetone Bromoform	157_% 75_%	61152 76127	_

Note: No action taken, professional judgment.

- * QC limits are laboratory in-house performance criteria, LL = lower limit, UL = upper limit.
- * If QC limits are not available, use limits of 70 130 %.

Actions:

QUALITY	%R < LL	%R > UL
Positive results	J	J
Nondetects results	R	Accept

All analytes in the associated sample results are qualified for the following criteria.

If 25 % of the LCS recoveries were < LL (or 70 %), qualify all positive results (j) and reject nondetects (R).

If two or more LCS were below 10 %, qualify all positive results as (J) and reject nondetects (R).

2. Frequency Criteria:

Where LCS analyzed at the required frequency and for each matrix? Yes or No.

If no, the data may be affected. Use professional judgment to determine the severity of the effect and qualify data accordingly. Discuss any actions below and list the samples affected.

		All criteria were metN/A Criteria were not met and/or see below
IX.	FIELD/LABORATORY DUPLICATE PRECISION	
	Sample IDs:	Matrix:

Field/laboratory duplicates samples may be taken and analyzed as an indication of overall precision. These analyses measure both field and lab precision; therefore, the results may have more variability than laboratory duplicates which only laboratory performance. It is also expected that soil duplicate results will have a greater variance than water matrices due to difficulties associated with collecting identical field duplicate samples.

The project QAPP should be reviewed for project-specific information.

NOTE: In the absence of QAPP guidance for validating data from field duplicates, the following action will be taken.

Identify which samples within the data package are field duplicates. Estimate the relative percent difference (RPD) between the values for each compound. Use professional judgment to note large RPDs (> 50%) in the narrative.

COMPOUND	SQL	SAMPLE CONC.	DUPLICATE CONC.	RPD	ACTION
		<u> </u>			
			l this data package. MS/ eria, < 50 % for target a		
			duplicate.		
		_			

Actions:

Qualify as estimated positive results (J) and nondetects (UJ) for the compound that exceeded the above criteria. For organics, only the sample and duplicate will be qualified.

If an RPD cannot be calculated because one or both of the sample results is not detected, the following actions are suggested based on professional judgment:

If one sample result is not detected and the other is greater than 5x the SQL qualify (J/UJ).

If one sample value is not detected and the other is greater than 5x the SQL and the SQLs for the sample and duplicate are significantly different, use professional judgment to determine if qualification is appropriate.

If one sample value is not detected and the other is less than 5x, use professional judgment to determine if qualification is appropriate.

If both sample and duplicate results are not detected, no action is needed.

All criteria were metX	
Criteria were not met	
and/or see below	

X. INTERNAL STANDARD PERFORMANCE

The assessment of the internal standard (IS) parameter is used to assist the data reviewer in determining the condition of the analytical instrumentation.

DATE SAMPLE ID IS OUT

IS AREA ACCEPTABLE RANGE

ACTION

Internal standard area counts within the required criteria.

Action:

- If an internal standard area count for a sample or blank is greater than 200.0% of the area for the associated standard (opening CCV or mid-point standard from initial calibration) (see Table below):
 - a. Qualify detects for compounds quantitated using that internal standard as estimated low (J-).
 - Do not qualify non-detected associated compounds.
- 2. If an internal standard area count for a sample or blank is less than 20.0% of the area for the associated standard (opening CCV or mid-point standard from initial calibration):
 - a. Qualify detects for compounds quantitated using that internal standard as estimated high (J+).
 - Qualify non-detected associated compounds as unusable (R).
- 3. If an internal standard area count for a sample or blank is greater than or equal to 20.0%, and less than or equal to 200% of the area for the associated standard opening CCV or mid-point standard from initial calibration, no qualification of the data is necessary.
- 4. If an internal standard RT varies by more than 30.0 seconds: Examine the chromatographic profile for that sample to determine if any false positives or negatives exist. For shifts of a large magnitude, the reviewer may consider partial or total rejection of the data for that sample fraction. Detects should not need to be qualified as unusable (R) if the mass spectral criteria are met.
- 5. If an internal standard RT varies by less than or equal to 30.0 seconds, no qualification of the data is necessary.

Note: Inform the Contract Laboratory Program Project Officer (CLP PO) if the internal standard performance criteria are grossly exceeded. Note in the Data Review Narrative potential effects on the data resulting from unacceptable internal standard performance.

- 6. If required internal standard compounds are not added to a sample or blank, qualify detects and non-detects as unusable (R).
- 7. If the required internal standard compound is not analyzed at the specified concentration in a sample or blank, use professional judgment to qualify detects and non-detects.

Table. Internal Standard Actions for Low/Medium Volatiles Analyses - Summary

	Act	ion
Criteria	Detected Associated Compounds*	Non-detected Associated Compounds*
Area counts > 200% of 12-hour standard (opening CCV or mid-point standard from initial calibration)	J-	No qualification
Area counts < 20% of 12-hour standard (opening CCV or mid-point standard from initial calibration)	J+	R
Area counts ≥ 50% but ≤ 200% of 12-hour standard (opening CCV or mid-point standard from initial calibration)	No qualification	
RT difference > 30.0 seconds between samples and 12-hour standard (opening CCV or mid-point standard from initial calibration)	R **	R
RT difference ≤ 30.0 seconds between samples and 12-hour standard (opening CCV or mid-point standard from initial calibration)	No qual	ification

^{*} For volatile compounds associated to each internal standard, see TABLE - VOLATILE TARGET ANALYTES, DEUTERATED MONITORING COMPOUNDS WITH ASSOCIATED INTERNAL STANDARDS FOR QUANTITATION in SOM02.2, Exhibit D, available at: http://www.epa.gov/superfund/programs/clp/download/som/som22d.pdf ** Detects should not need to be qualified as unusable (R) if the mass spectral criteria are met.

		All criteria were metX Criteria were not met and/or see below
TARGET COM	MPOUND IDENTIFICATION	
Criteria:		
Is the Relative RRT [opening	e Retention Times (RRTs) of reported compo Continuing Calibration Verification (CCV) or r	unds within ±0.06 RRT units of the standard mid-point standard from the initial calibration]. <u>Yes</u> ? or No?
List compound	ds not meeting the criteria described above:	
Sample ID	Compounds	Actions
		<u> </u>
spectrum from	must be present in the sample spectrum. The relative intensities of these ions must a sample spectra (e.g., for an ion with an abu corresponding sample ion abundance must lons present at greater than 10% in the sample ion.	strum at a relative intensity greater than 10% agree within ±20% between the standard and indance of 50% in the standard spectrum, the
List compound	ds not meeting the criteria described above:	
Sample ID	·	Actions
	Compounds	ACIONS

Action:

- 1. The application of qualitative criteria for GC/MS analysis of target compounds requires professional judgment. It is up to the reviewer's discretion to obtain additional information from the laboratory. If it is determined that incorrect identifications were made, qualify all such data as unusable (R).
- 2. Use professional judgment to qualify the data if it is determined that cross-contamination has occurred.
- 3. Note in the Data Review Narrative any changes made to the reported compounds or concerns regarding target compound identifications. Note, for Contract Laboratory COR action, the necessity for numerous or significant changes.

TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS (TICS)

NOTE: Tentatively identified compounds should only be evaluated when requested by a party from outside of the Hazardous Waste Support Section (HWSS).

Sample ID	Compound	Sample ID	Compound

Action:

- 1. Qualify all TIC results for which there is presumptive evidence of a match (e.g. greater than or equal to 85% match) as tentatively identified (NJ), with approximated concentrations. TICs labeled "unknown" are qualified as estimated (J).
- General actions related to the review of TIC results are as follows:
 - a. If it is determined that a tentative identification of a non-target compound is unacceptable, change the tentative identification to "unknown" or another appropriate identification, and qualify the result as estimated (J).
 - b. If all contractually-required peaks were not library searched and quantitated, the Region's designated representative may request these data from the laboratory.
- 3. In deciding whether a library search result for a TIC represents a reasonable identification, use professional judgment. If there is more than one possible match, report the result as "either compound X or compound Y". If there is a lack of isomer specificity, change the TIC result to a nonspecific isomer result (e.g., 1,3,5-trimethyl benzene to trimethyl benzene isomer) or to a compound class (e.g., 2-methyl, 3-ethyl benzene to a substituted aromatic compound).

DATA REVIEW WORKSHEETS

- 4. The reviewer may elect to report all similar compounds as a total (e.g., all alkanes may be summarized and reported as total hydrocarbons).
- 5. Target compounds from other fractions and suspected laboratory contaminants should be marked as "non-reportable".
- 6. Other Case factors may influence TIC judgments. If a sample TIC match is poor, but other samples have a TIC with a valid library match, similar RRT, and the same ions, infer identification information from the other sample TIC results.
- 7. Note in the Data Review Narrative any changes made to the reported data or any concerns regarding TIC identifications.
- 8. Note, for Contract Laboratory COR action, failure to properly evaluate and report TICs

All criteria were met _	Χ_	_
Criteria were not met		
and/or see below		

SAMPLE QUANTITATION AND REPORTED CONTRACT REQUIRED QUANTITATION LIMITS (CRQLS)

Action:

- 1. If any discrepancies are found, the Region's designated representative may contact the laboratory to obtain additional information that could resolve any differences. If a discrepancy remains unresolved, the reviewer must use professional judgment to decide which value is the most accurate. Under these circumstances, the reviewer may determine that qualification of data is warranted. Note in the Data Review Narrative a description of the reasons for data qualification and the qualification that is applied to the data.
- 2. For non-aqueous samples, in the percent moisture is less than 70.0%, no qualification of the data is necessary. If the percent moisture is greater than or equal to 70.0% and less than 90.0%, qualify detects as estimated (J) and non-detects as approximated (UJ). If the percent moisture is greater than or equal to 90.0%, qualify detects as estimated (J) and non-detects as unusable (R) (see Table below).
- 3. Note, for Contract Laboratory COR action, numerous or significant failures to accurately quantify the target compounds or to properly evaluate and adjust CRQLs.
- 4. Results between MDL and CRQL should be qualified as estimated "J".
- 5. Results < MDL should be reported at the CRQL and qualified "U". MDLs themselves are not reported.

Table. Percent Moisture Actions for Low/Medium Volatiles Analysis for Non-Aqueous Samples

Criteria	Action		
	Detected Associated Compounds	Non-detected Associated Compounds	
% Moisture < 70.0	No qualification		
70.0 < % Moisture < 90.0	J	UJ	
% Moisture > 90.0	J	R	

The sample quantitation evaluation is to verify laboratory quantitation results. In the space below, please show a minimum of one sample calculation:

Sample ID

FA34152-6

Methylcyclohexane

RF = 0.603

[] = (35932)(50)/(0.603)(1294821) = 2.30 ppb Ok

All criteria were met	X
Criteria were not met	
and/or see below	

Percent Solids	
List samples which have ≥ 70 % solids	
	19

QUANTITATION LIMITS

A. Dilution performed

SAMPLE ID	DILUTION FACTO	R REASO	N FOR DILUTION	
				E Stan
			- 4%	
			200	
		1000		
·	CE SER			
				-
7				
1000				-

			All criteria were metX Criteria were not mel and/or see below
OTHE	ER ISSUES		
A.	System Perf	ormance	
List sa	amples qualifie	d based on the degradation of system pe	rformance during simple analysis:
Samp		Comments	Actions
			
Action	ո:		
during	g sample analy	gment to qualify the data if it is determingses. Inform the Contract Laboratory managements which significantly affected	ned that system performance has degraded Program COR any action as a result of ed the data.
B.	Overall Asses	ssment of Data	
List sa	amples qualifie	d based on other issues:	
•	le ID	Comments	Actions
_No_a	additional_issue used_for_deciss	sion_purposes	of_the_dataResults_are_valid_andcan_
Action			, ,
1.	based on the	Quality Control (QC) criteria previously dis	
2.	Write a brief ı	narrative to give the user an indication of t	he analytical limitations of the data. Inform the

Contract Laboratory COR the action, any inconsistency of the data with the Sample Delivery Group (SDG) Narrative. If sufficient information on the intended use and required quality of the data is available, the reviewer should include their assessment of the usability of the data within the given

context. This may be used as part of a formal Data Quality Assessment (DQA).